



GLEAM GATHERING 2026

INSIDE THE LUSTE RUNTIME

 **HI, HELLO!**

- ▶ i'm yoshie rebecca
- ▶ i work on this little Gleam library called Lustre!
- ▶ joined Hayleigh/Lustre almost exactly 1 year ago 🎉
- ▶ mostly work on the internals

LUSTRE IS AN HTML TEMPLATING ENGINE

```
pub fn view(_model: Model) {
  html.div([], [
    html.h1([], [html.text("Hi 🙋 I'm Rebecca!")] ),
    html.p([class("pronouns")], [html.text("(she/her)")] ),
    html.nav([class("social-links")], [
      social_link(
        "https://bsky.app/profile/becca.monster", "Bluesky", icons.bluesky()
      ),
    ])
  ])
}
```

LUSTRE IS A FRONTEND APPLICATION FRAMEWORK

```
pub fn init(_flags: Nil) → #(Model, Effect(Message)) {  
    // ... initial application state ...  
}
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```
pub fn update(model: Model, message: Message) → #(Model, Effect(Message)) {  
    // ... how does the state change when `message` happened? ...  
}
```

LUSTRE IS A FRONTEND APPLICATION FRAMEWORK

```
pub fn main() {  
    let app = lustre.application(init:, update:, view:)  
    let assert Ok(_) = lustre.start(app, "#app", Nil)  
}
```

```
pub fn init(_flags: Nil) → #(Model, Effect(Message)) {  
    // ... initial application state ...  
}
```

```
pub fn update(model: Model, message: Message) → #(Model, Effect(Message)) {  
    // ... how does the state change when `message` happened? ...  
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```

LUSTRE LETS YOU RUN YOUR CODE WHERE IT BELONGS

```
pub fn main() {  
    let app = lustre.application(init:, update:, view:)  
    let assert Ok(_) = lustre.start_server_component(app, Nil)  
}
```



Run interactive components on the server too!

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Now also available with supervision support!

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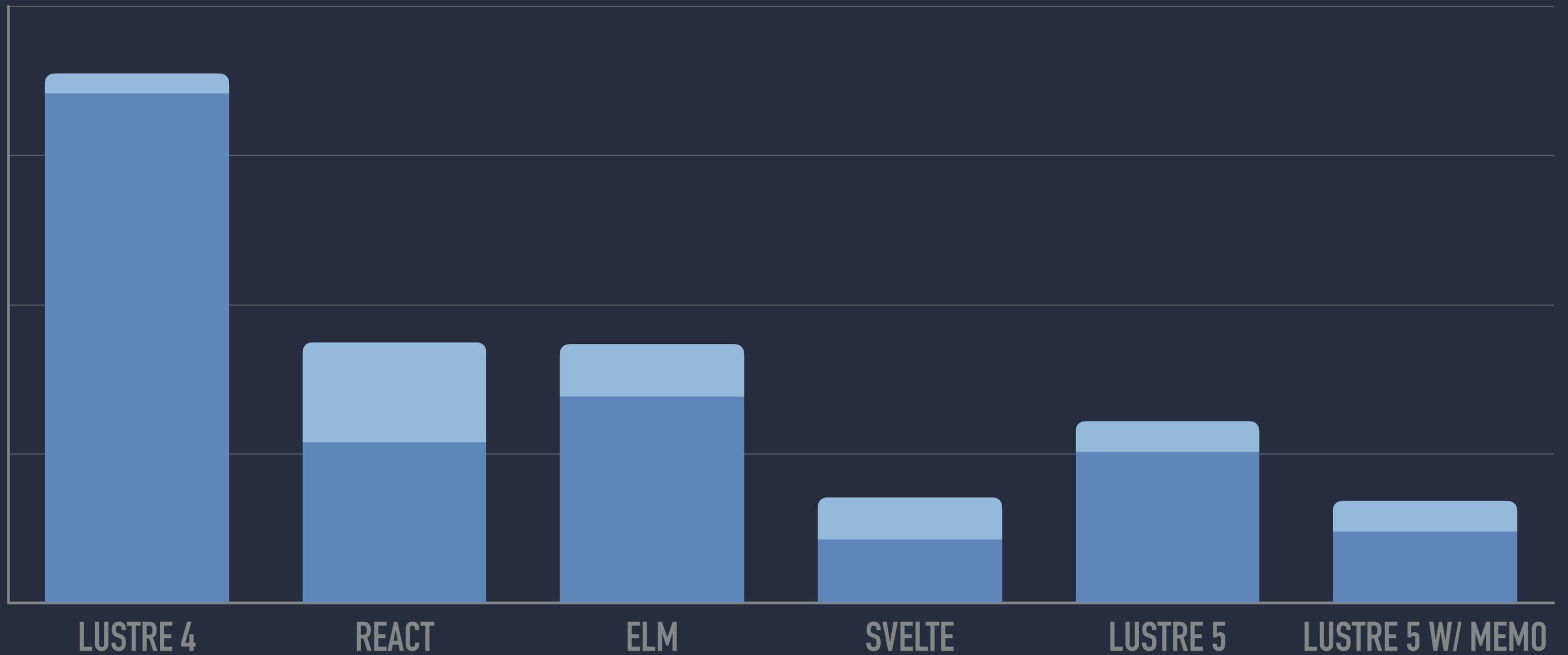
Ask your hex repository
now for `lustre@5.6.0!`

Now also available with supervision support!

that is `lustre@5.6.0!`



WE'RE DOING ALRIGHT I THINK



HOW DO WE DO THIS?

- ▶ Almost entirely* Gleam!
- ▶ Almost entirely* pure functional code!

*terms and conditions apply :-)

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LUSTRE IS 50% FASTER NOW!

- ▶ Decision Trees
- ▶ IIFE removal
- ▶ Fast record updates
- ▶ Standard library improvements
- ▶ Improved equality checking
- ▶ Prefer pattern matches over use

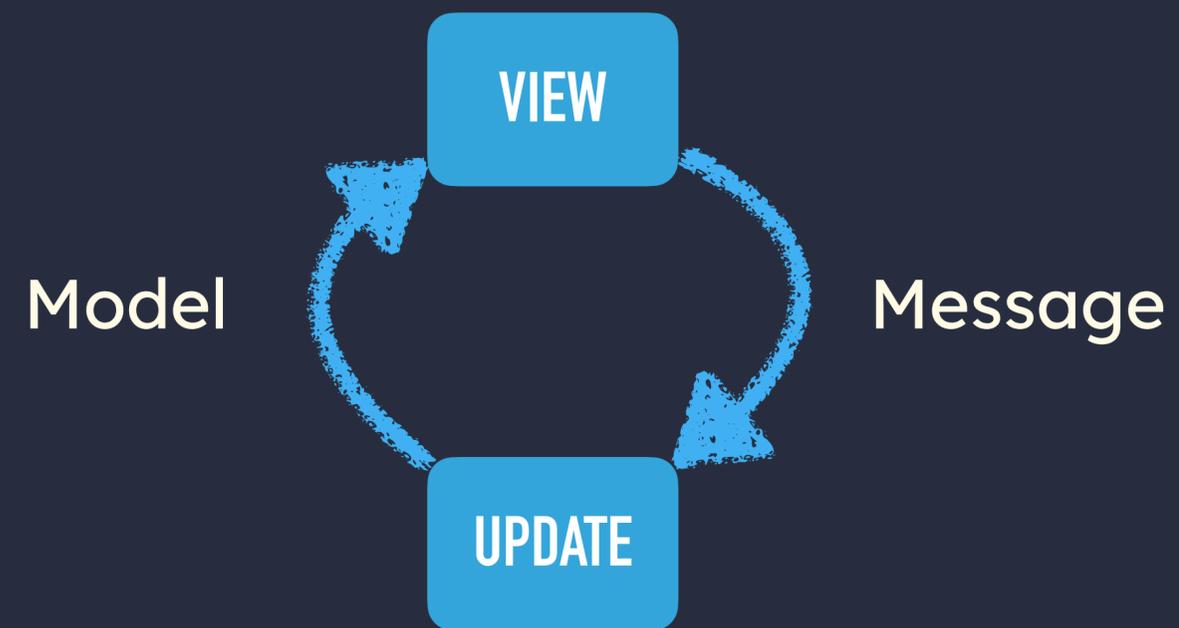
thanks Gears and Jak and all contributors!!!  

I THINK THAT'S SOOOO
COOL!

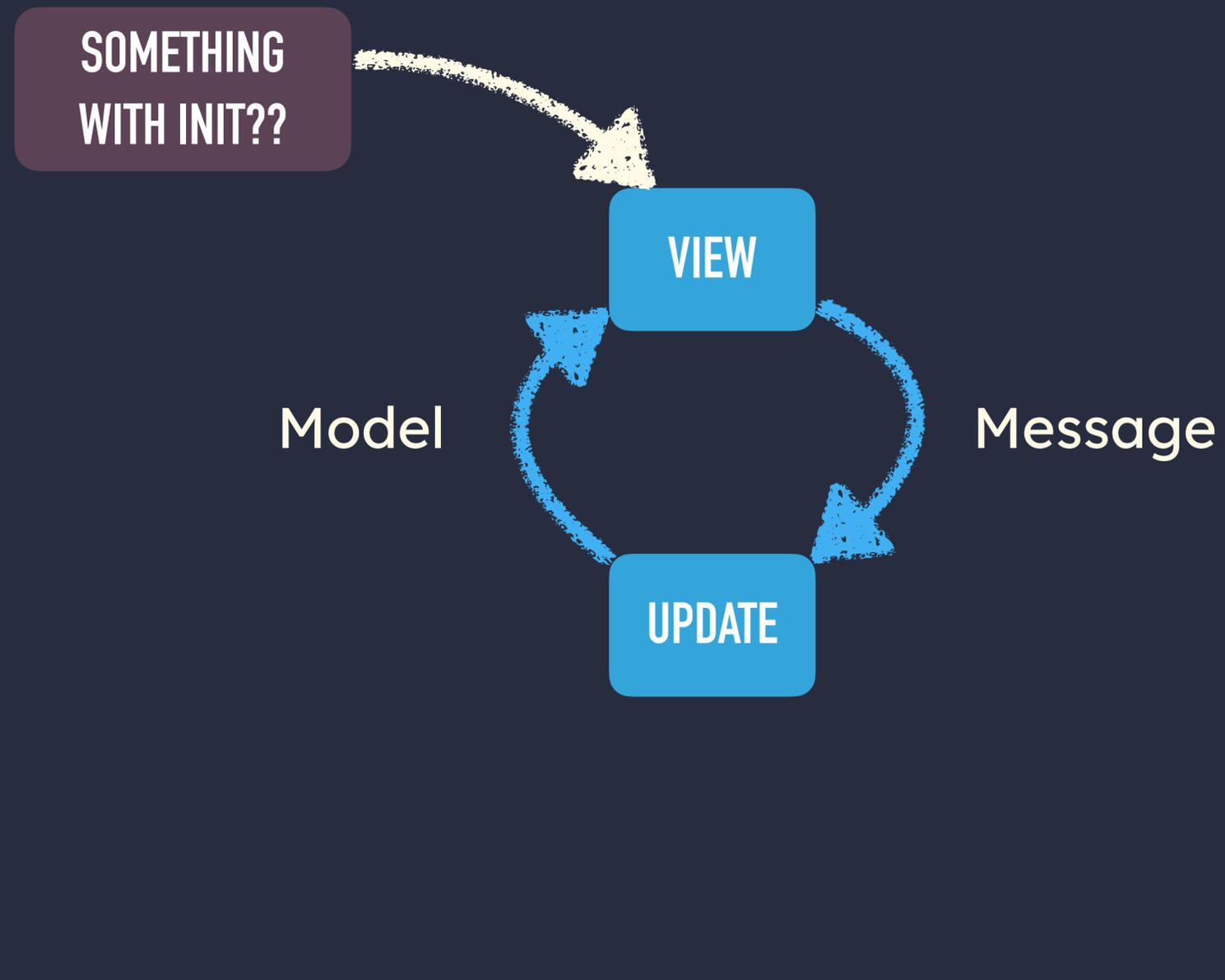
WHAT THIS TALK IS

- ▶ advanced lustre tutorial
- ▶ skip over all the basics
- ▶ immediately go to break the abstraction
- ▶ understand how a modern frontend framework works in general

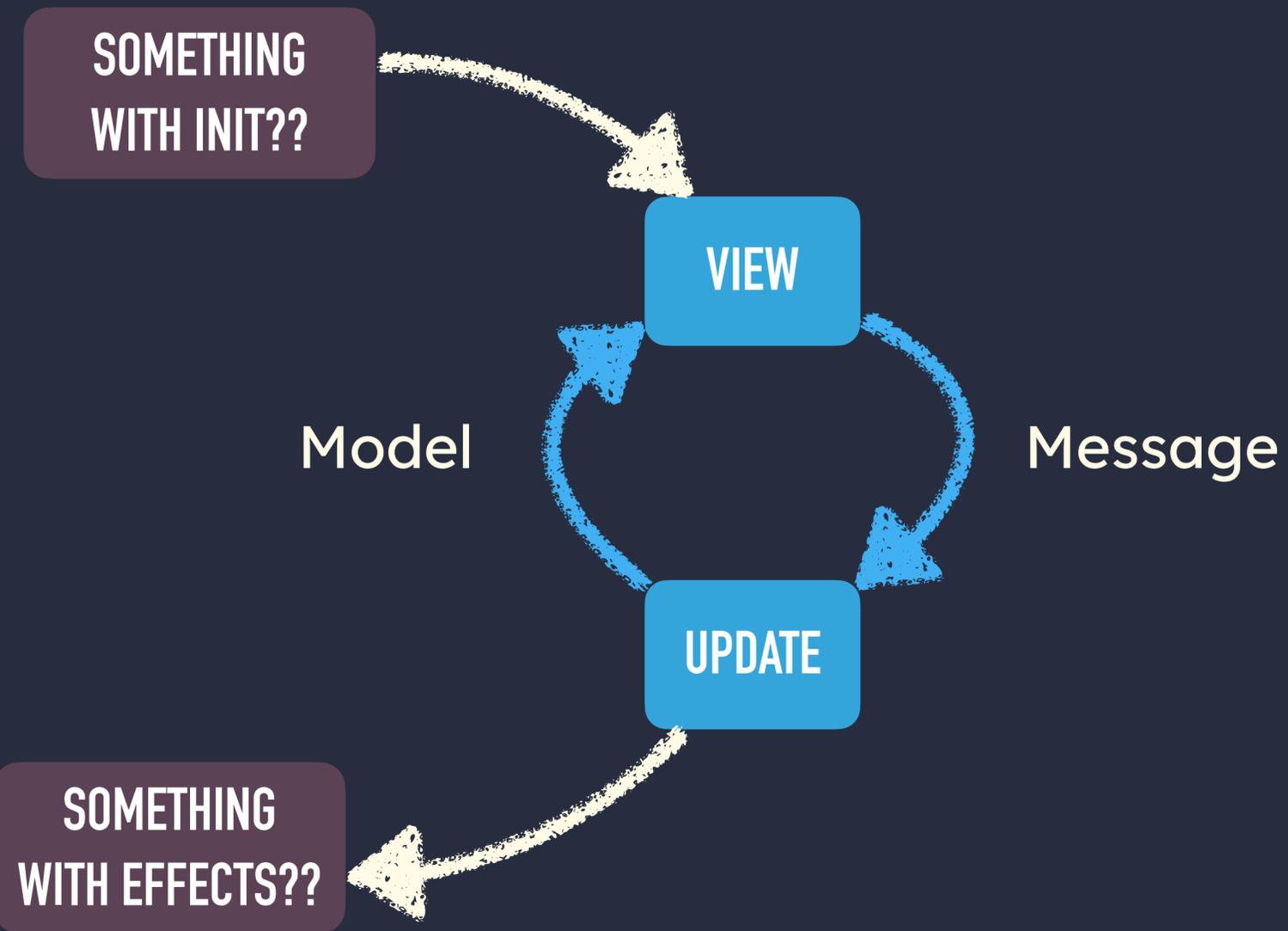
THE APPLICATION LIFECYCLE



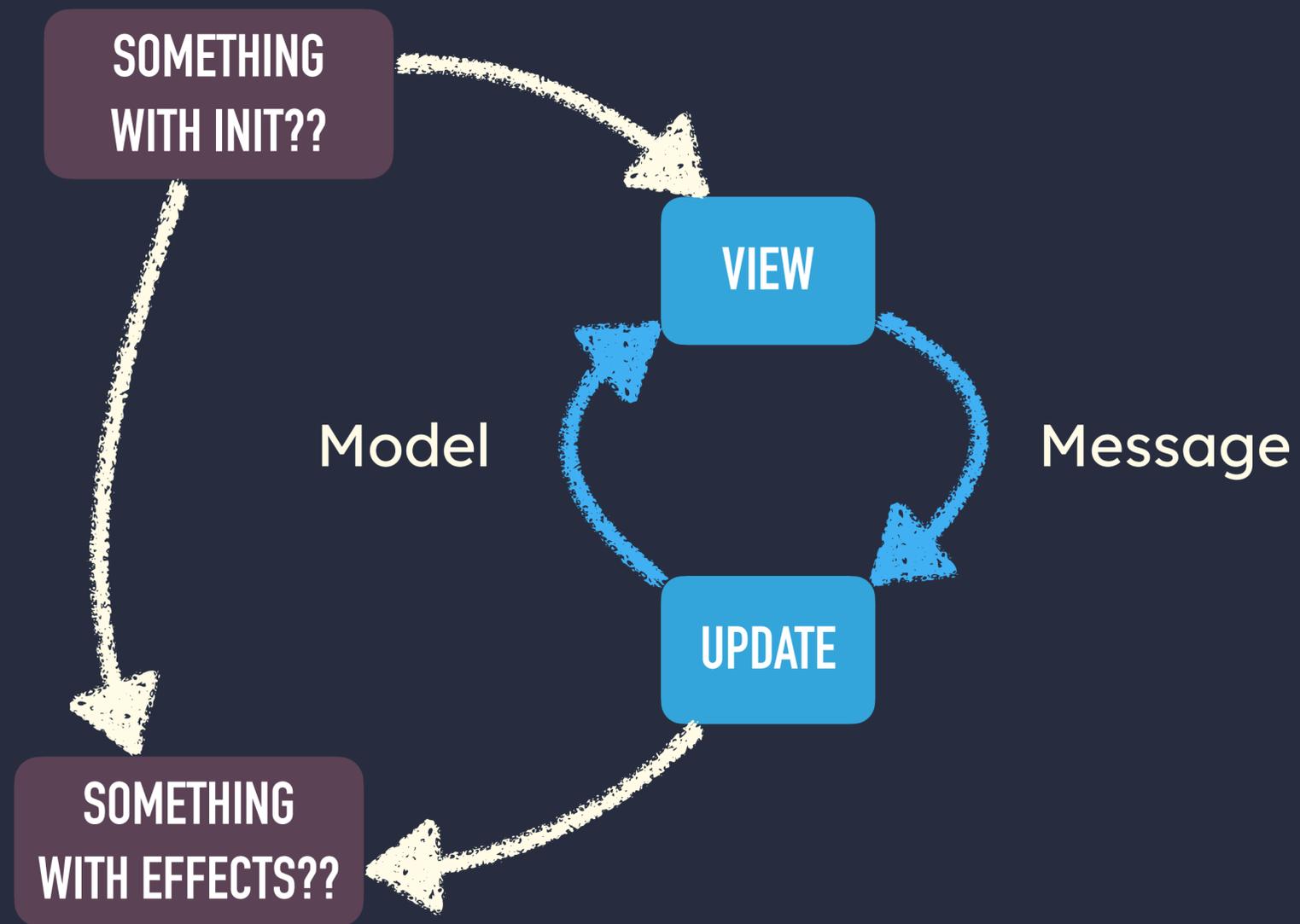
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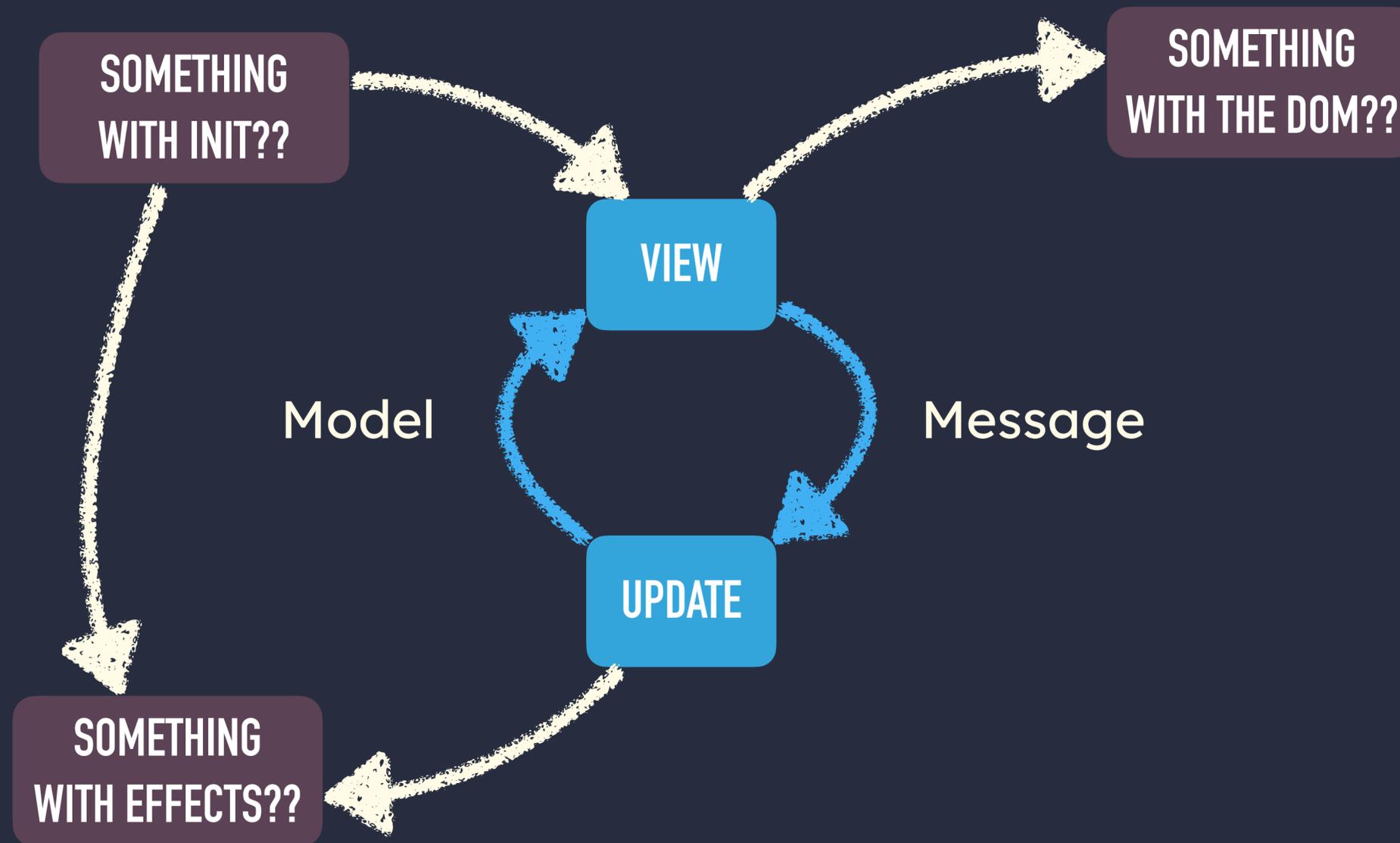
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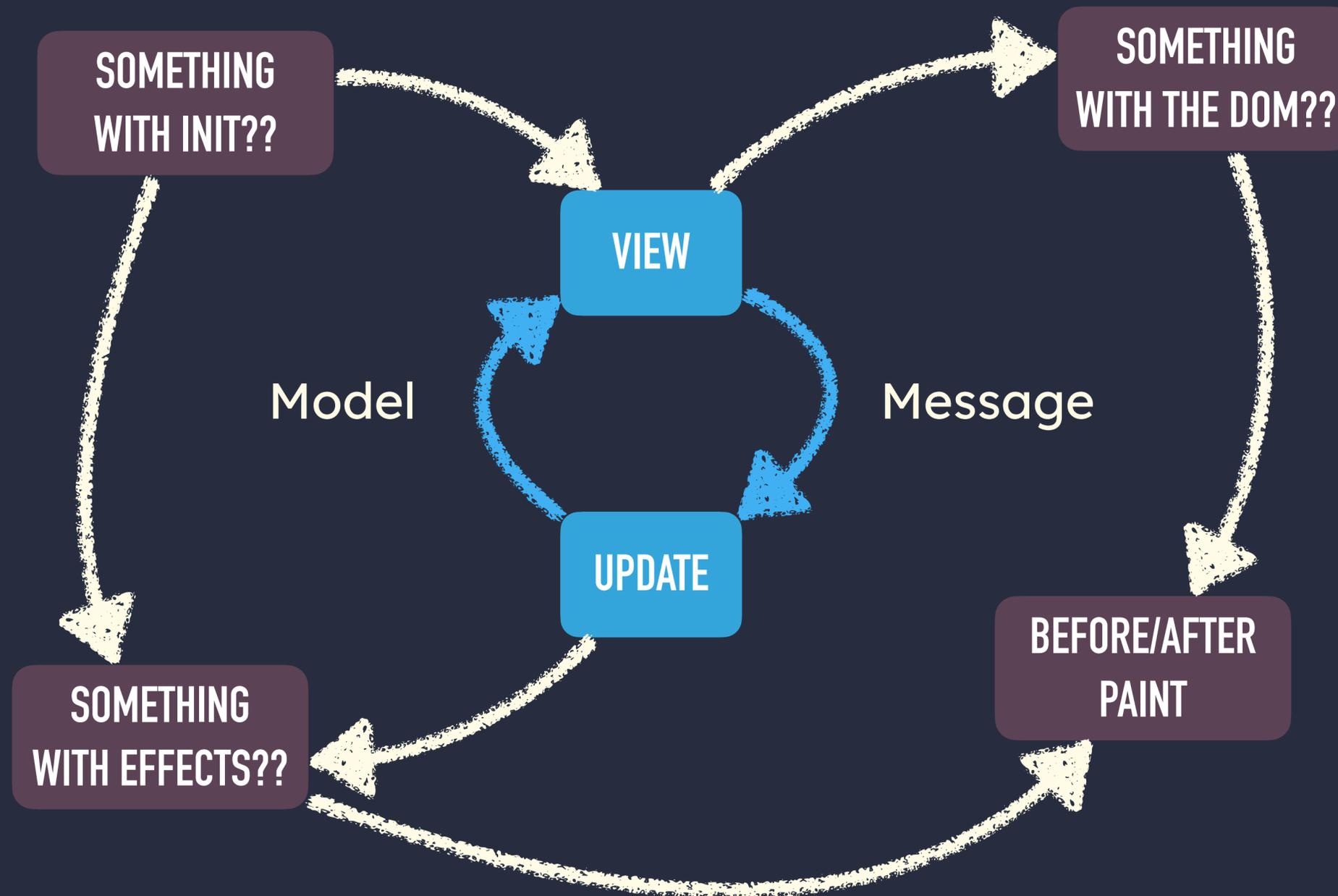
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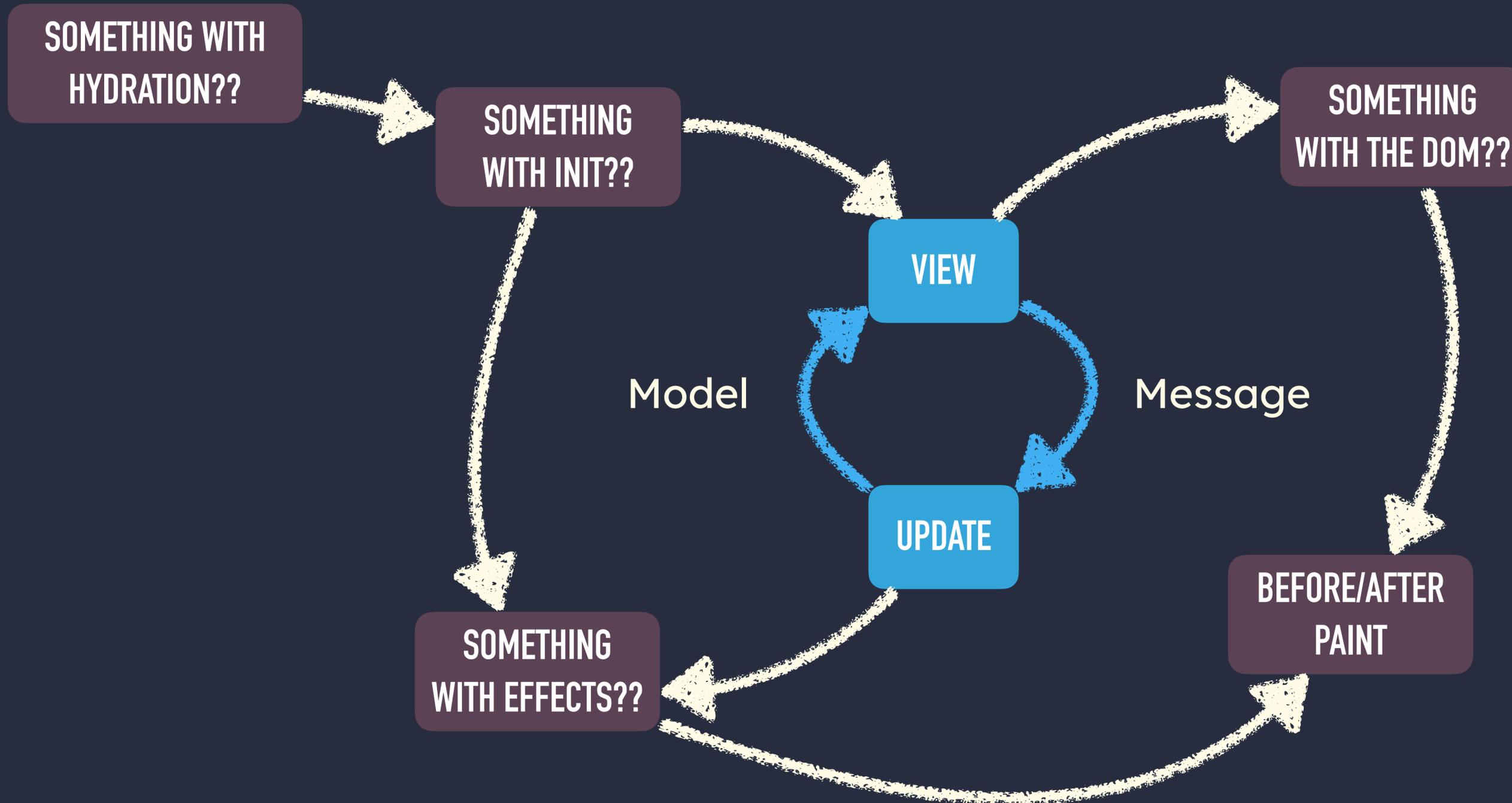
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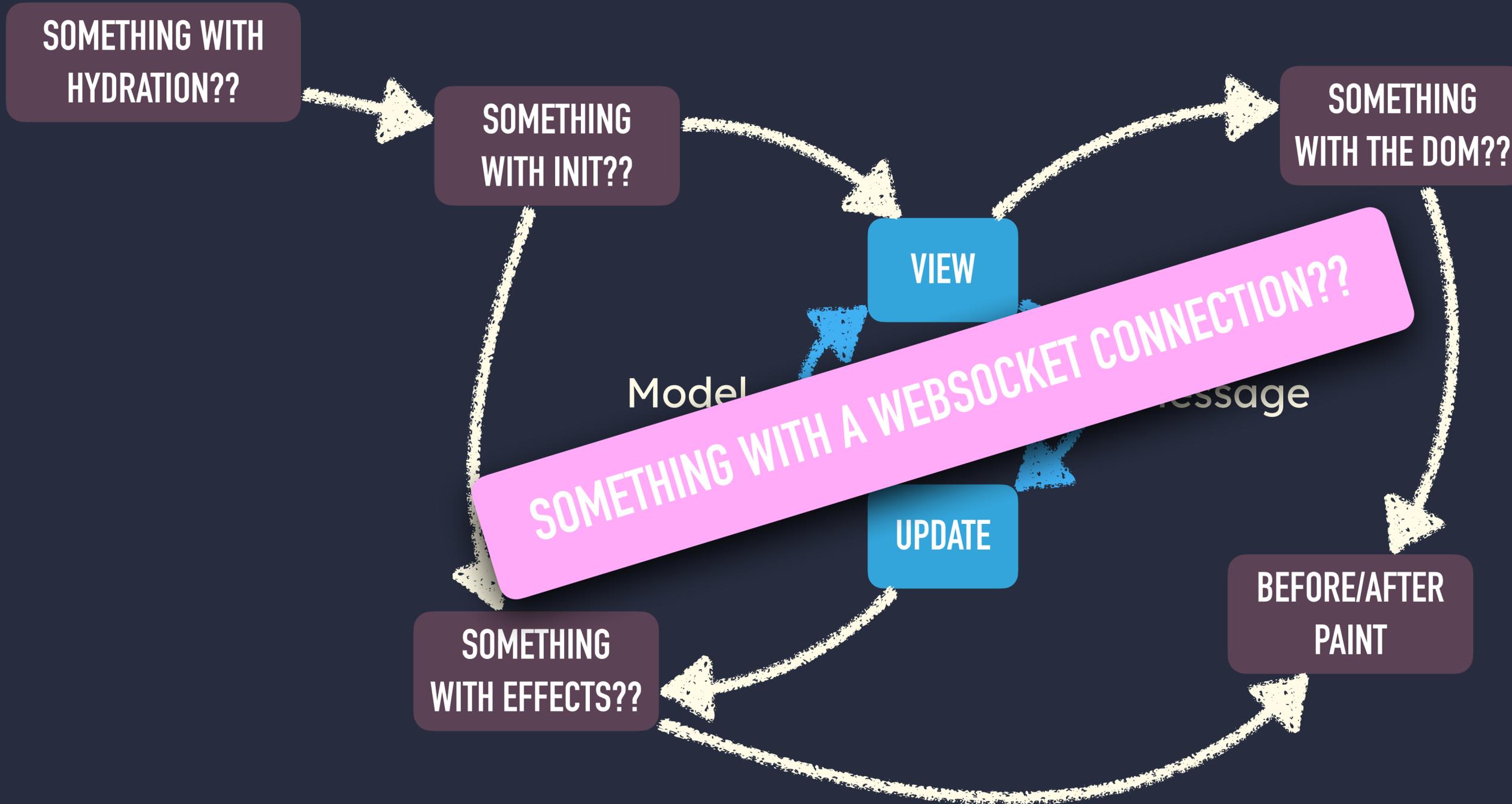
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THE APPLICATION LIFECYCLE

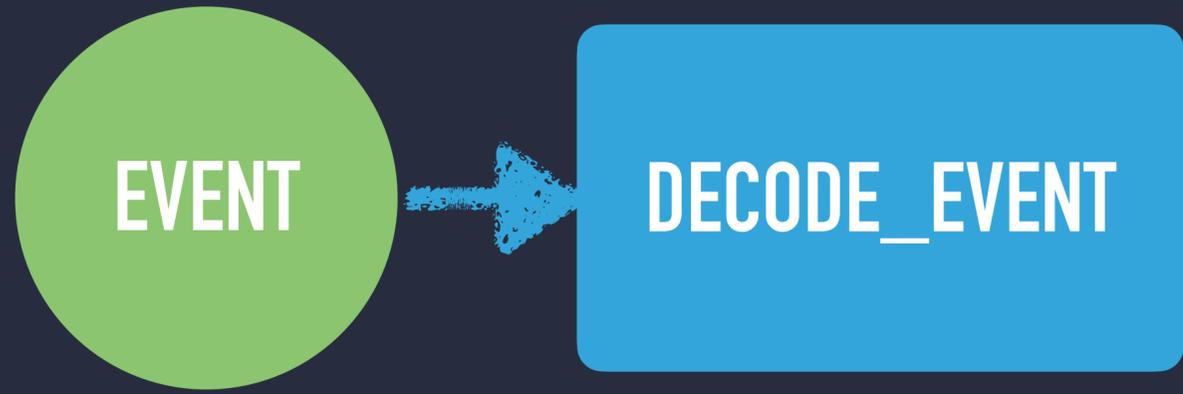


We can just go look!

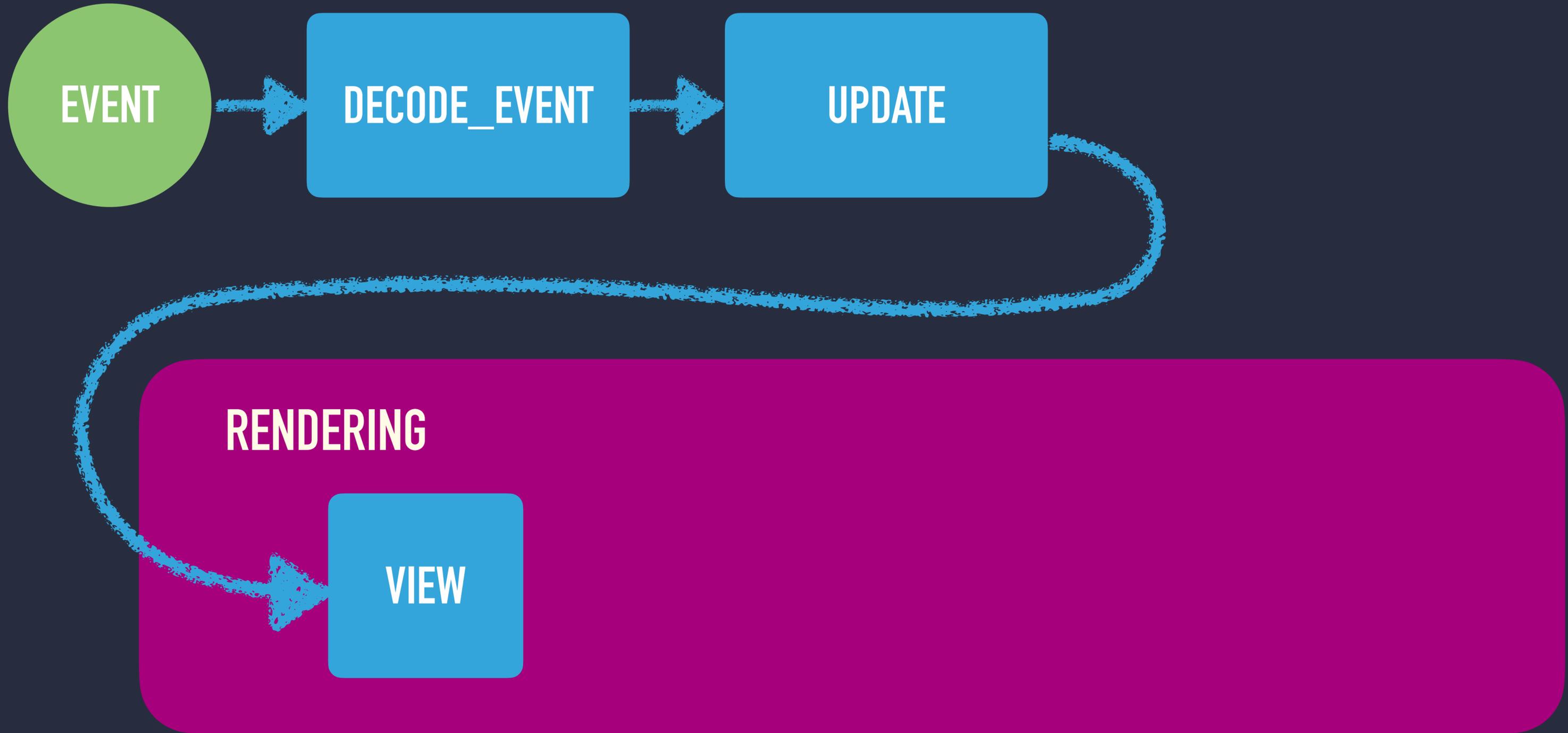


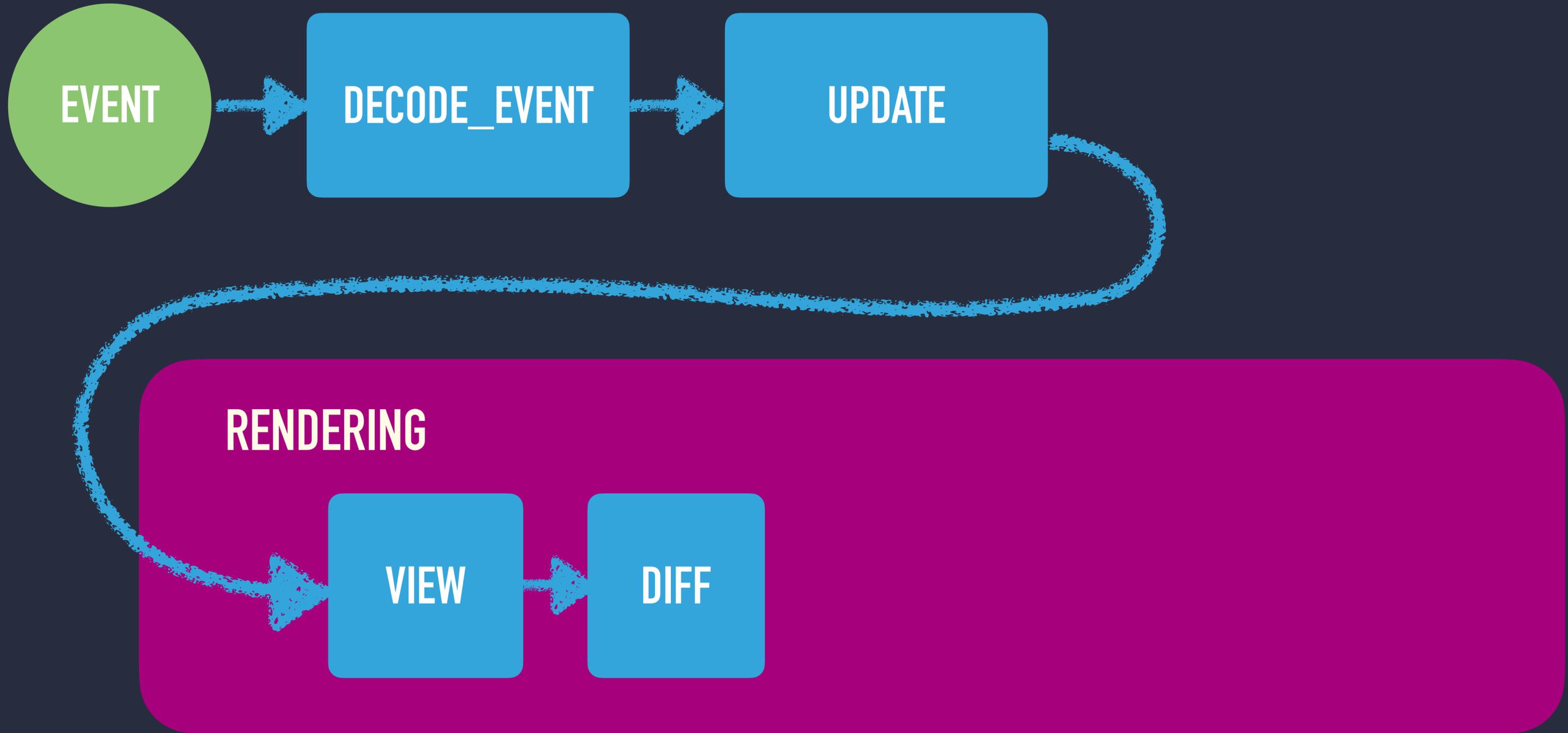
(demo time 🤖)

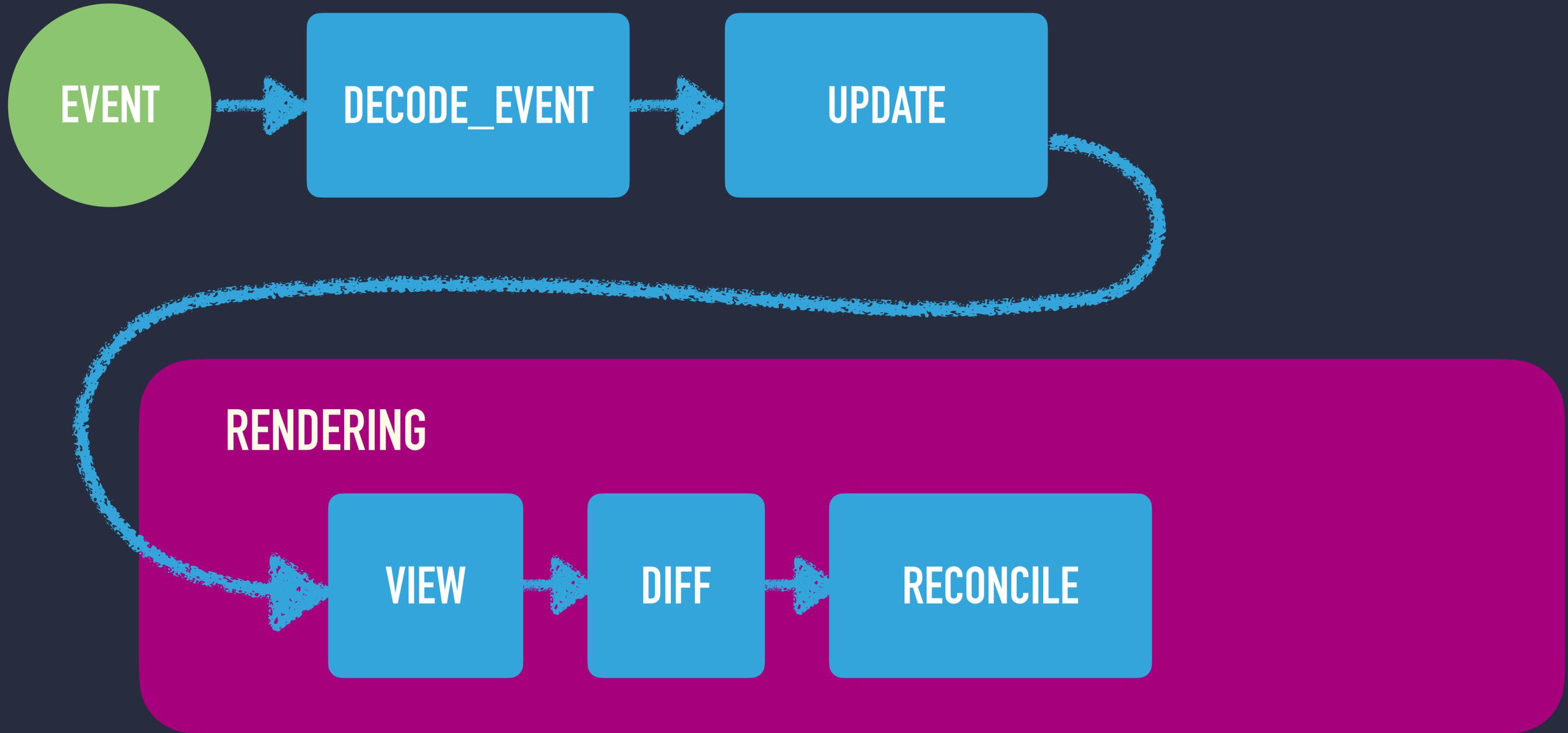












EVENT

DECODE_EVENT

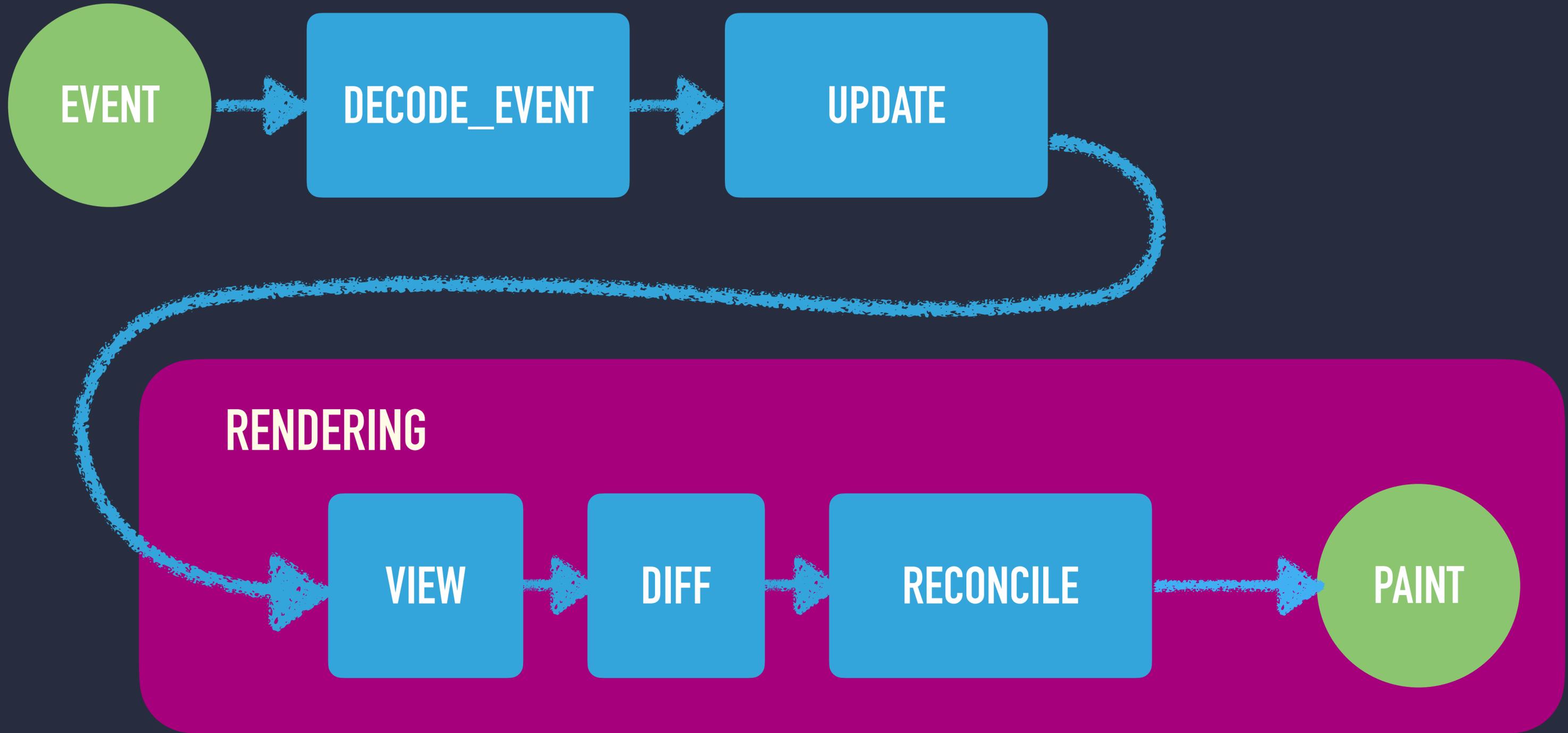
UPDATE

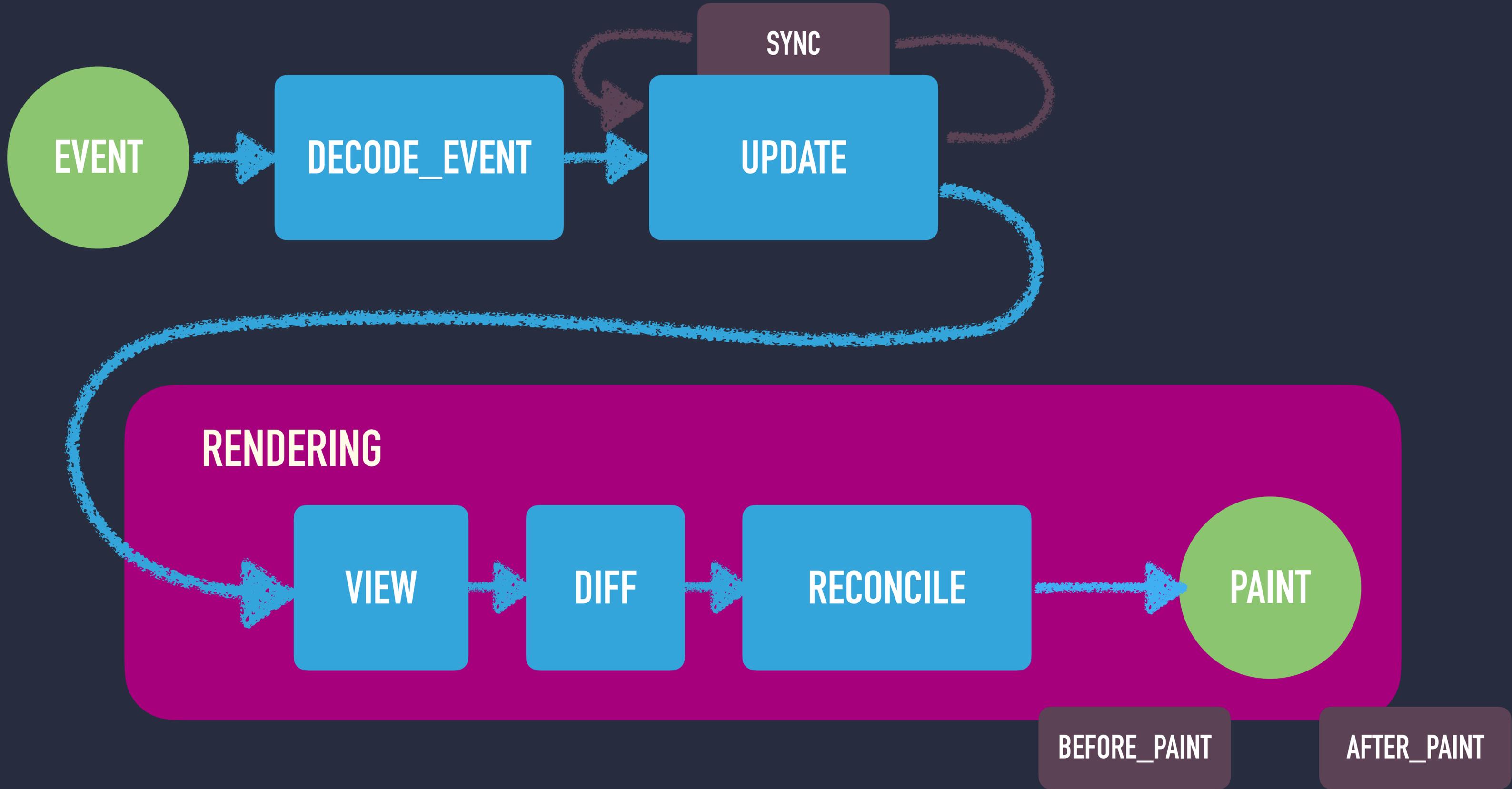
RENDERING

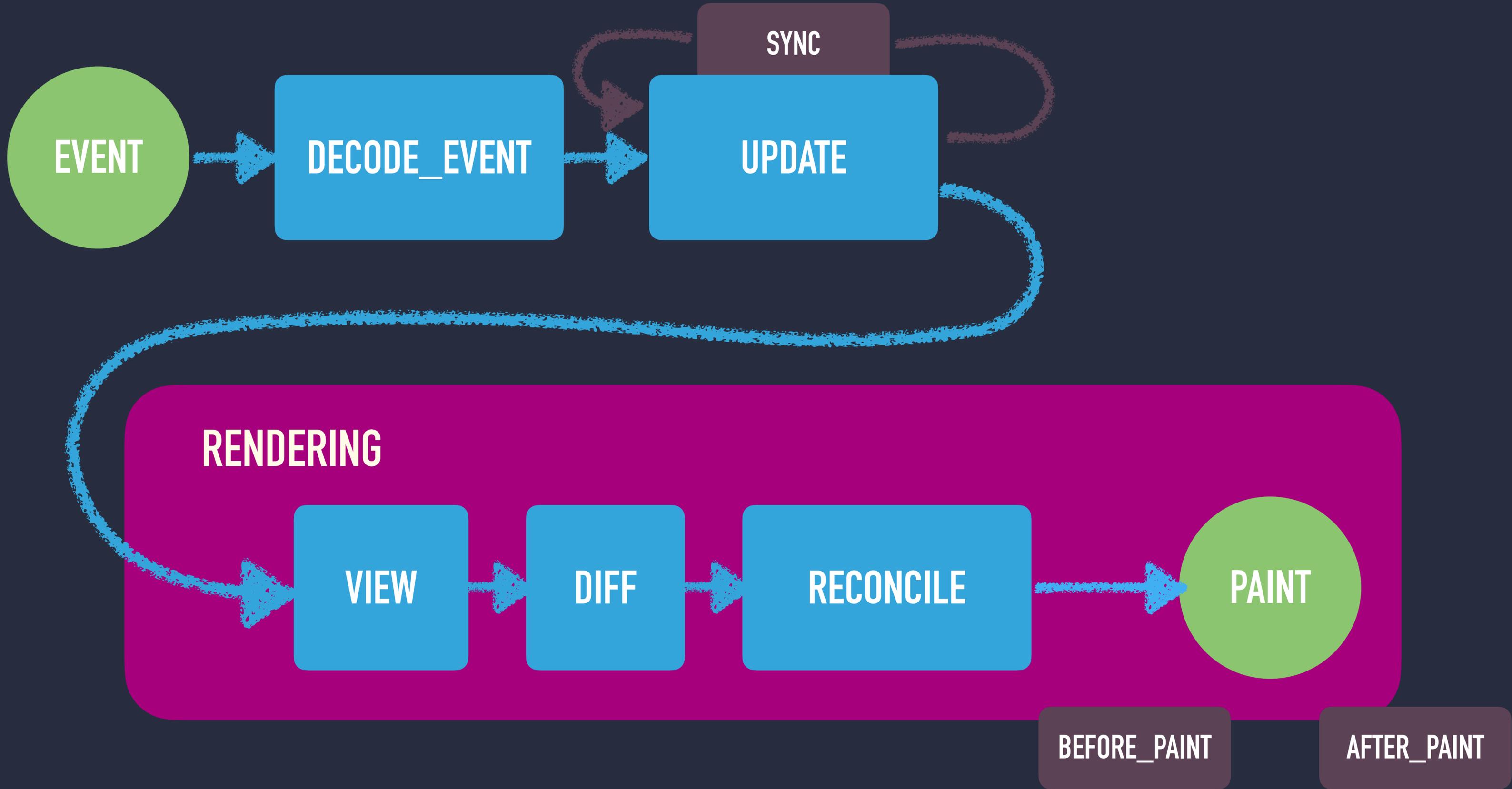
VIEW

DIFF

RECONCILE





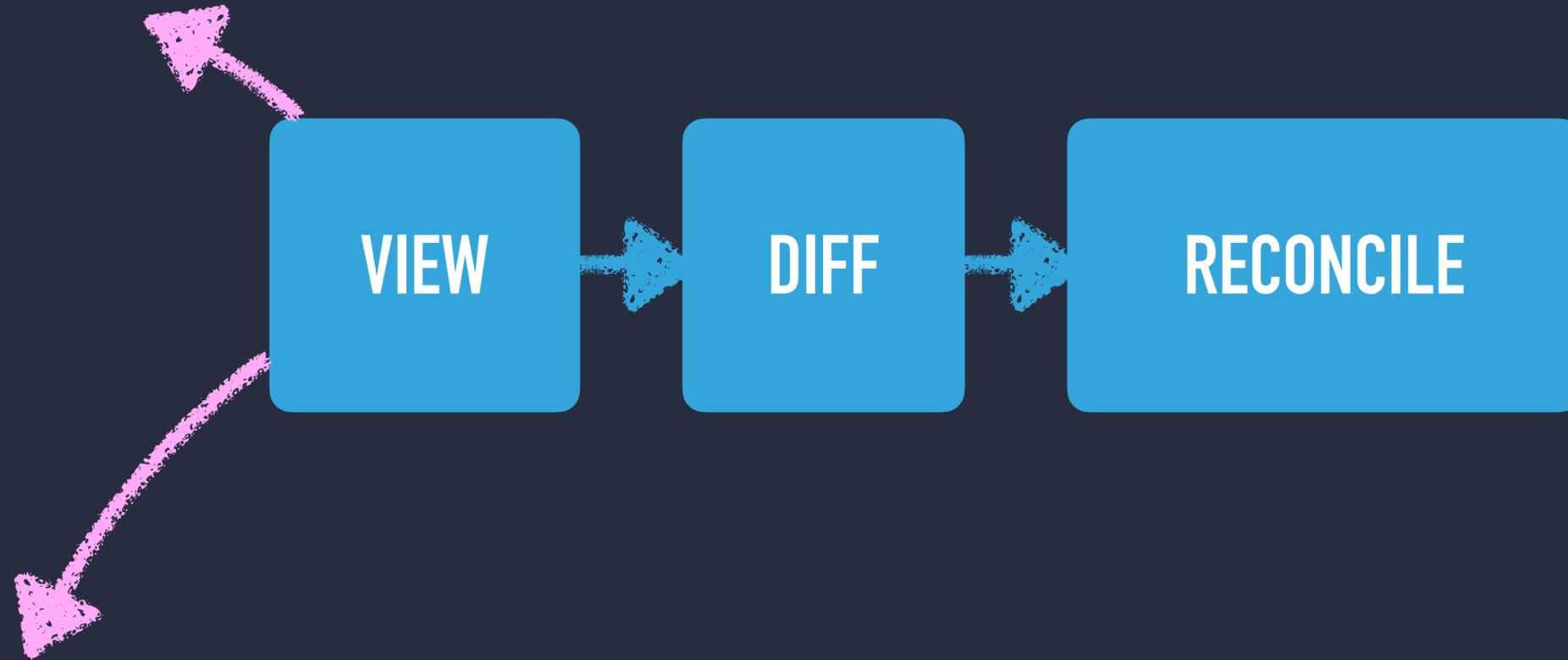


RENDERING



RENDERING

Your function!



What should be visible?

RENDERING

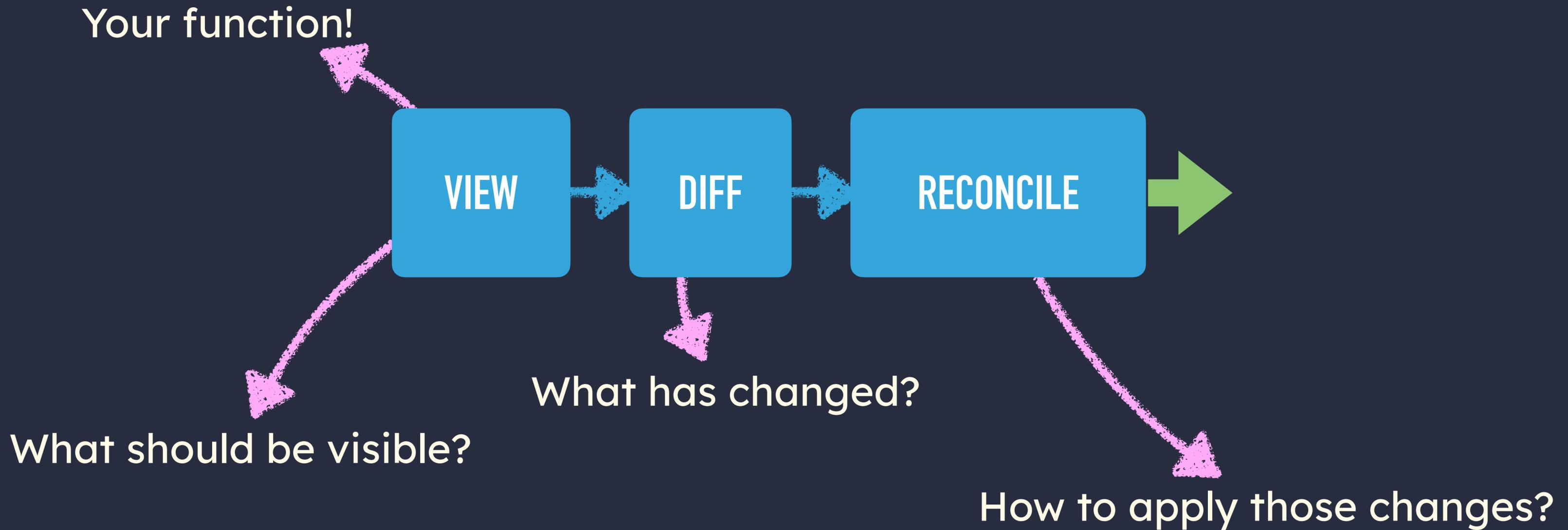
Your function!



What has changed?

What should be visible?

RENDERING



RENDERING

CLIENT OR SERVER

Your function!

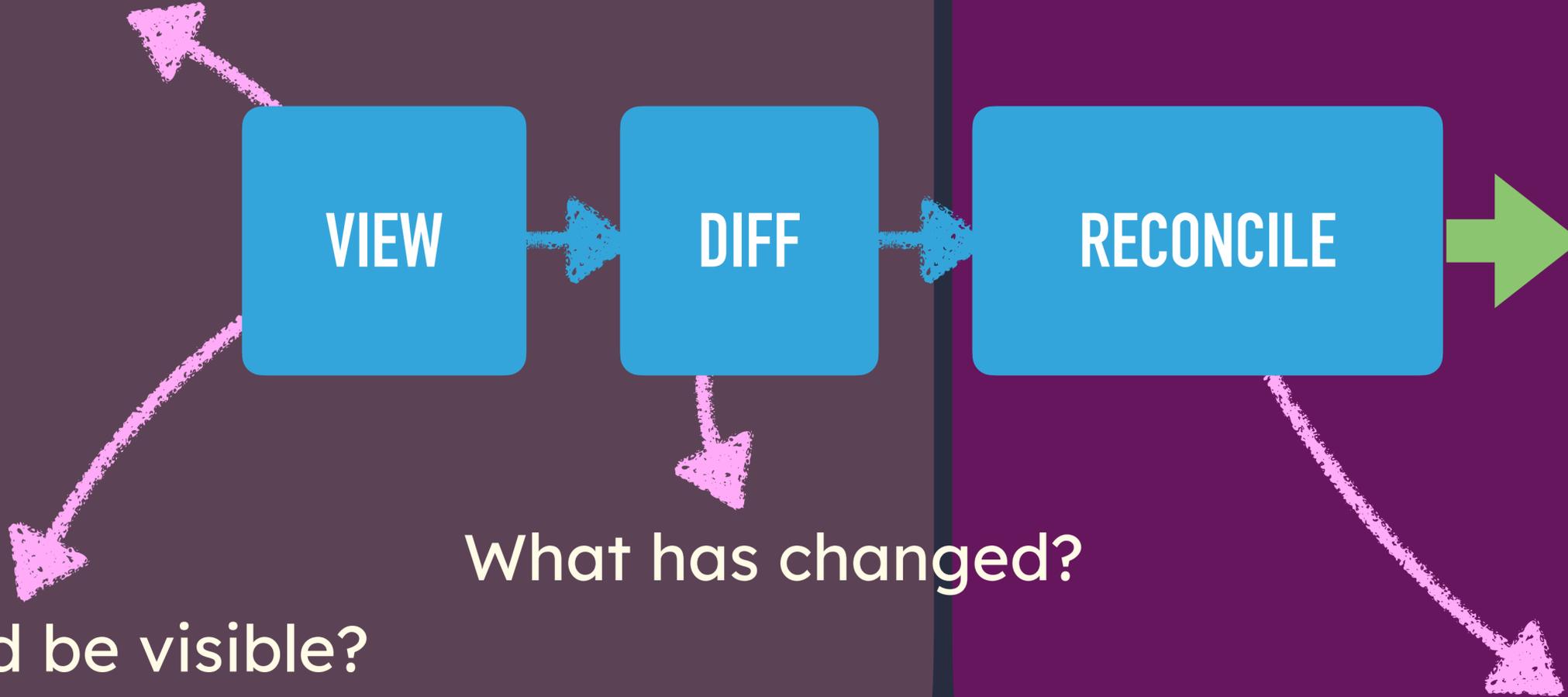


ALWAYS ON THE CLIENT

What has changed?

What should be visible?

How to apply those changes?



NEW OBJECTIVE:

- ▶ Where do we spend our time during rendering?
- ▶ How does diff work?
- ▶ How to produce "good" diffs?
- ▶ Can we influence it?



RECONCILER

- ▶ "How to make the new view visible"

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A (bad) reconciler implementation:

```
pub fn reconcile() {  
    let root = view(model)  
    let html = element.to_string(root)  
    document.querySelector("#app").innerHTML = html  
}
```

RECONCILER

- ▶ "How to make the new view visible"

A (bad) reconciler implementation:

```
pub fn reconcile() {  
    let root = view(model)  
    let html = element.to_string(root)  
    document.querySelector("#app").innerHTML = html  
}
```

- ▶ Does not preserve state, replaces **entire html** on every update

RECONCILER

- ▶ "How to make the new view visible with minimal changes"

RECONCILER

- ▶ "How to make the new view visible with **minimal changes**"

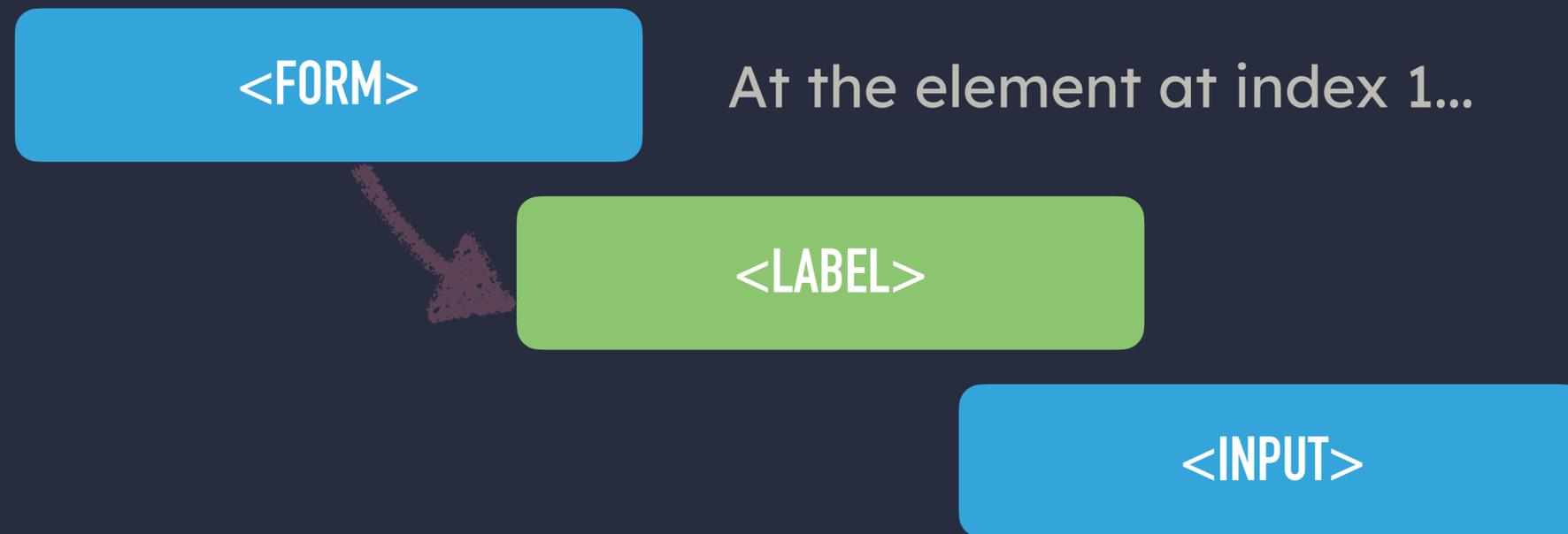
<FORM>

<LABEL>

<INPUT>

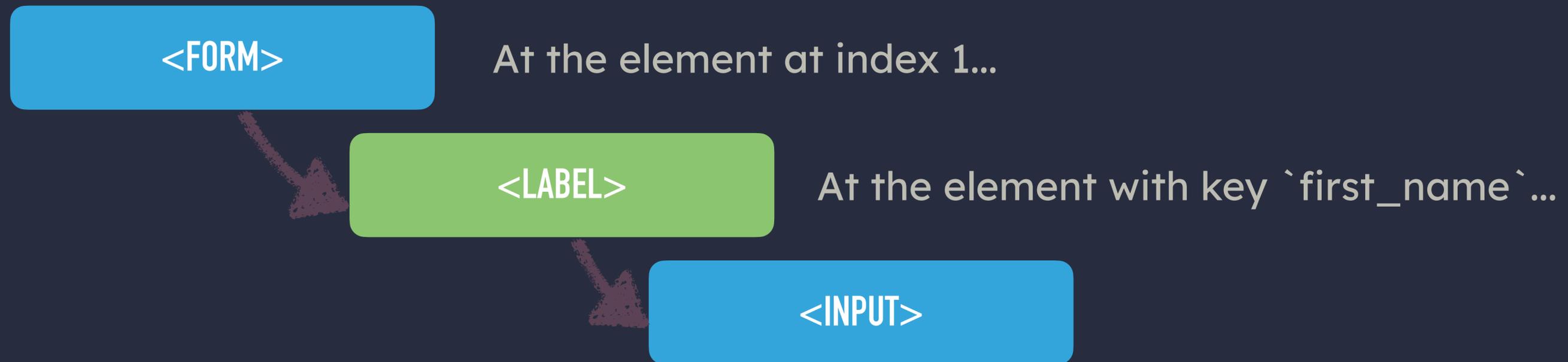
RECONCILER

- ▶ "How to make the new view visible with **minimal changes**"



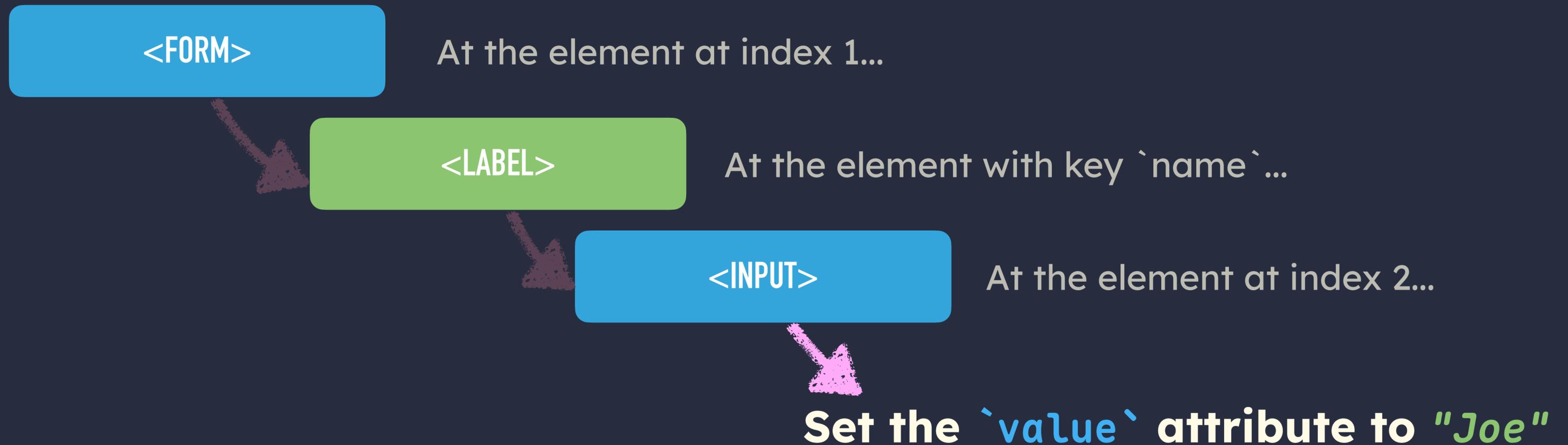
RECONCILER

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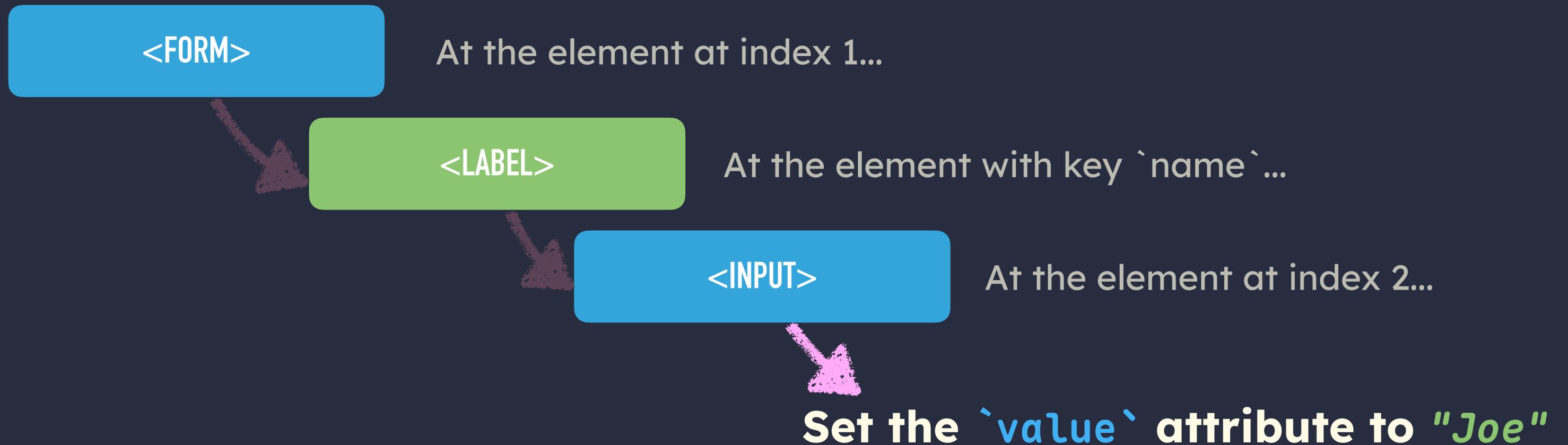
RECONCILER

- ▶ "How to make the new view visible with minimal changes"



RECONCILER

- ▶ "How to make the new view visible with **minimal changes**"



- ▶ Might mean replacing the entire view!

RENDERING

DIFFS

DIFFS

- ▶ Textual diffs

```
- io.println("Hello world!")  
+ io.println("Hello Joe!")
```

- ▶ LiveView, HTMX, Datastar (all w/ some structural elements)

INPUT

▶ Textual diffs

```
- io.println("Hello world!")  
+ io.println("Hello Joe!")
```

- ▶ LiveView, HTMX, Datastar (all w/ some structural elements)

▶ Structural diffs

```
{ "1": { "name": { "2": {  
    "$SET": { "value": "Joe" }  
} } } }
```

- ▶ Elm, React, Vue, Lustre, Svelte, Solid, ...

THE VIRTUAL DOM

- ▶ Represent the Element structure directly as a Gleam value

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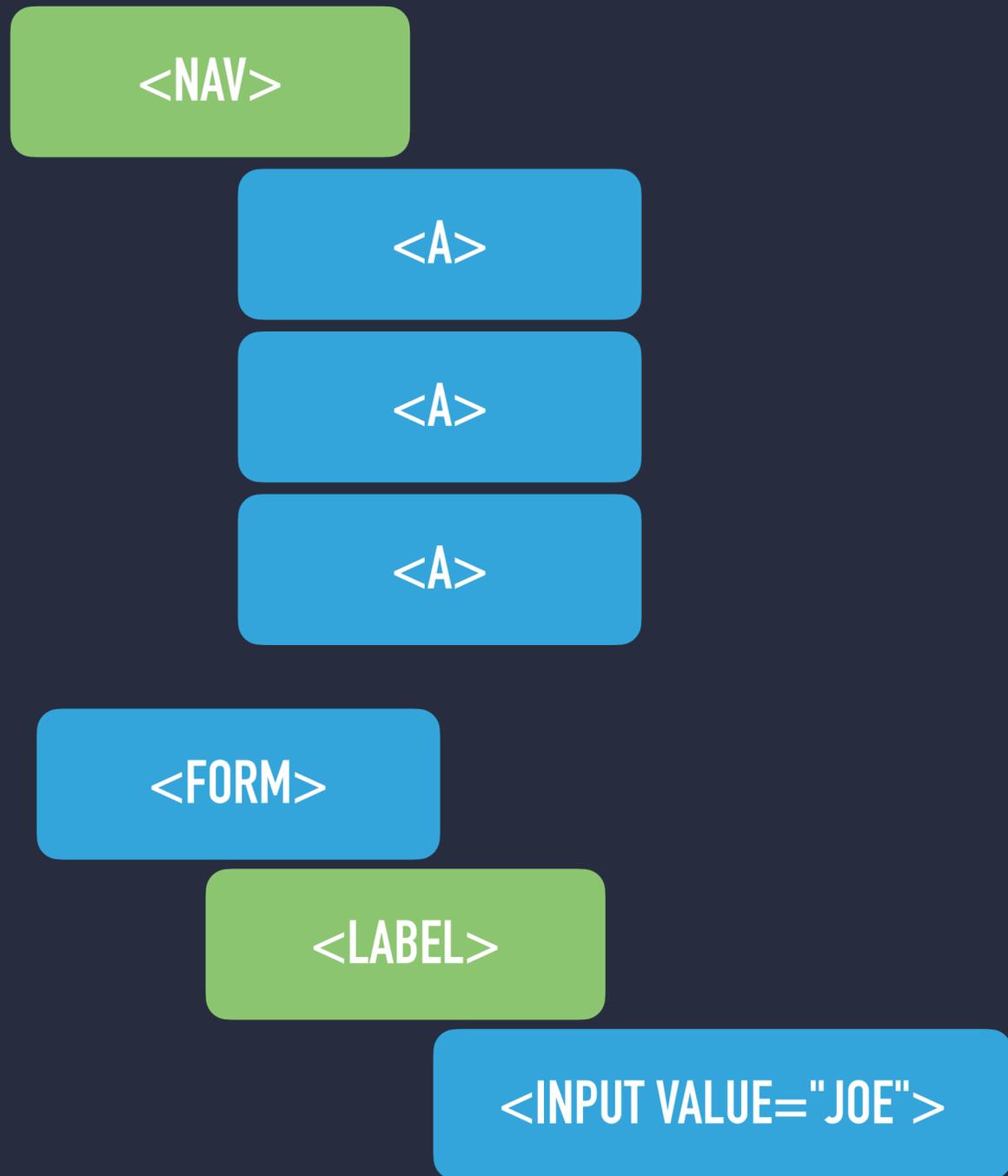
```
pub opaque type Element(message) {  
  Node(  
    tag: String,  
    attributes: List(Attribute(message)),  
    children: List(Element(message)),  
  )  
  Text(content: String)  
}
```

All we need to do
is find the minimum
edit distance between
2 trees with a dynamic
cost function, easy

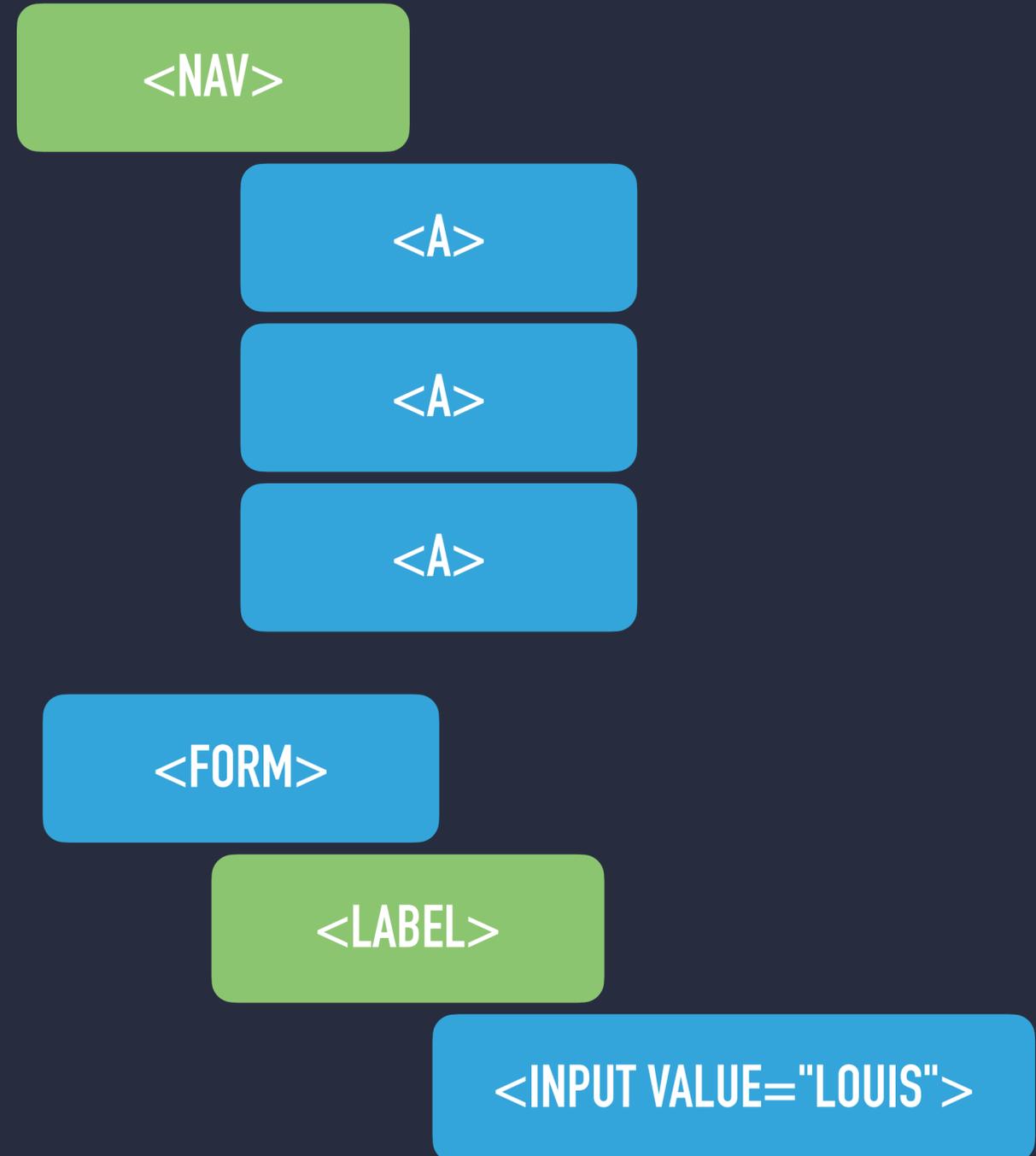


COMPARING VIRTUAL DOMS

OLD:

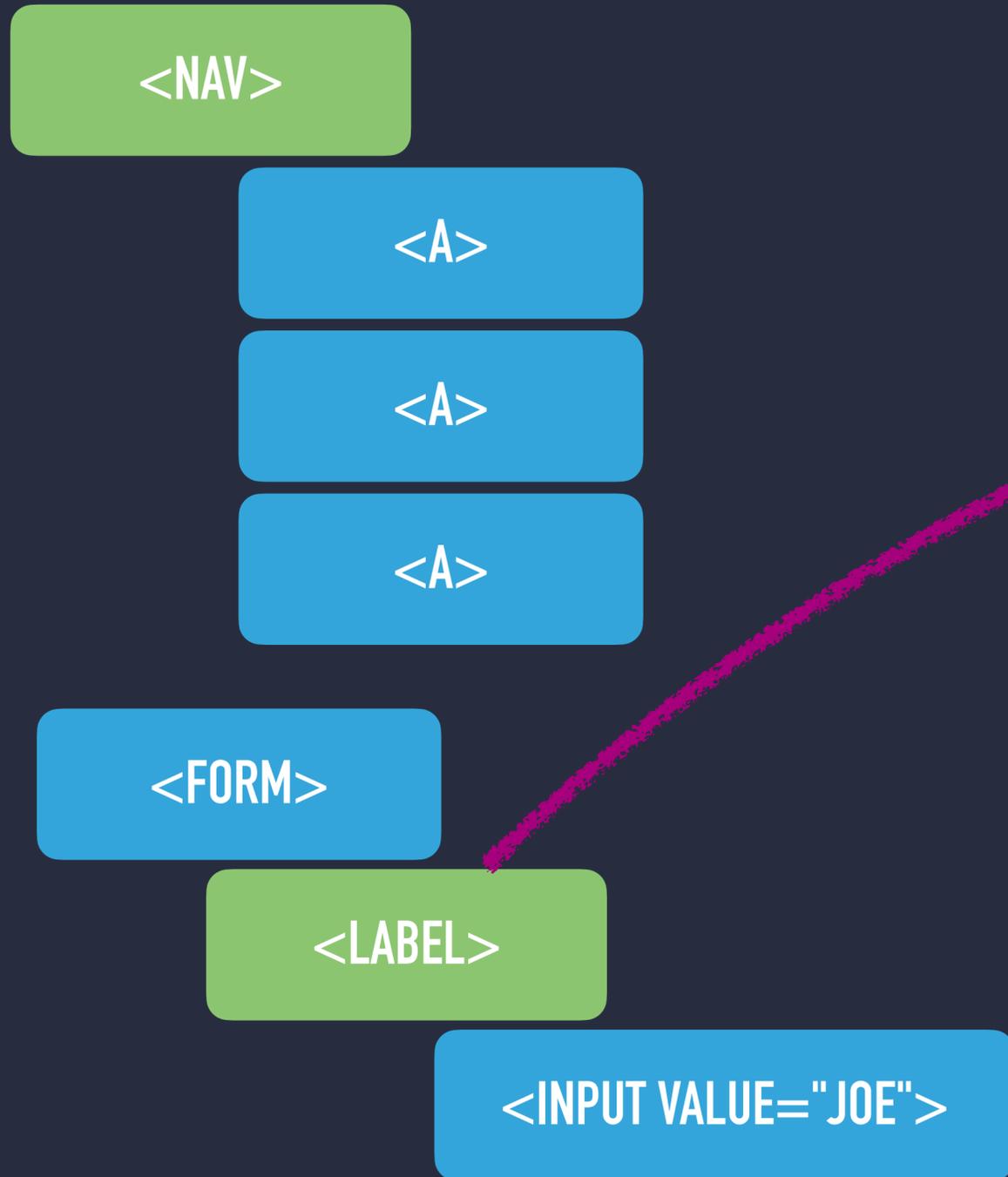


NEW:

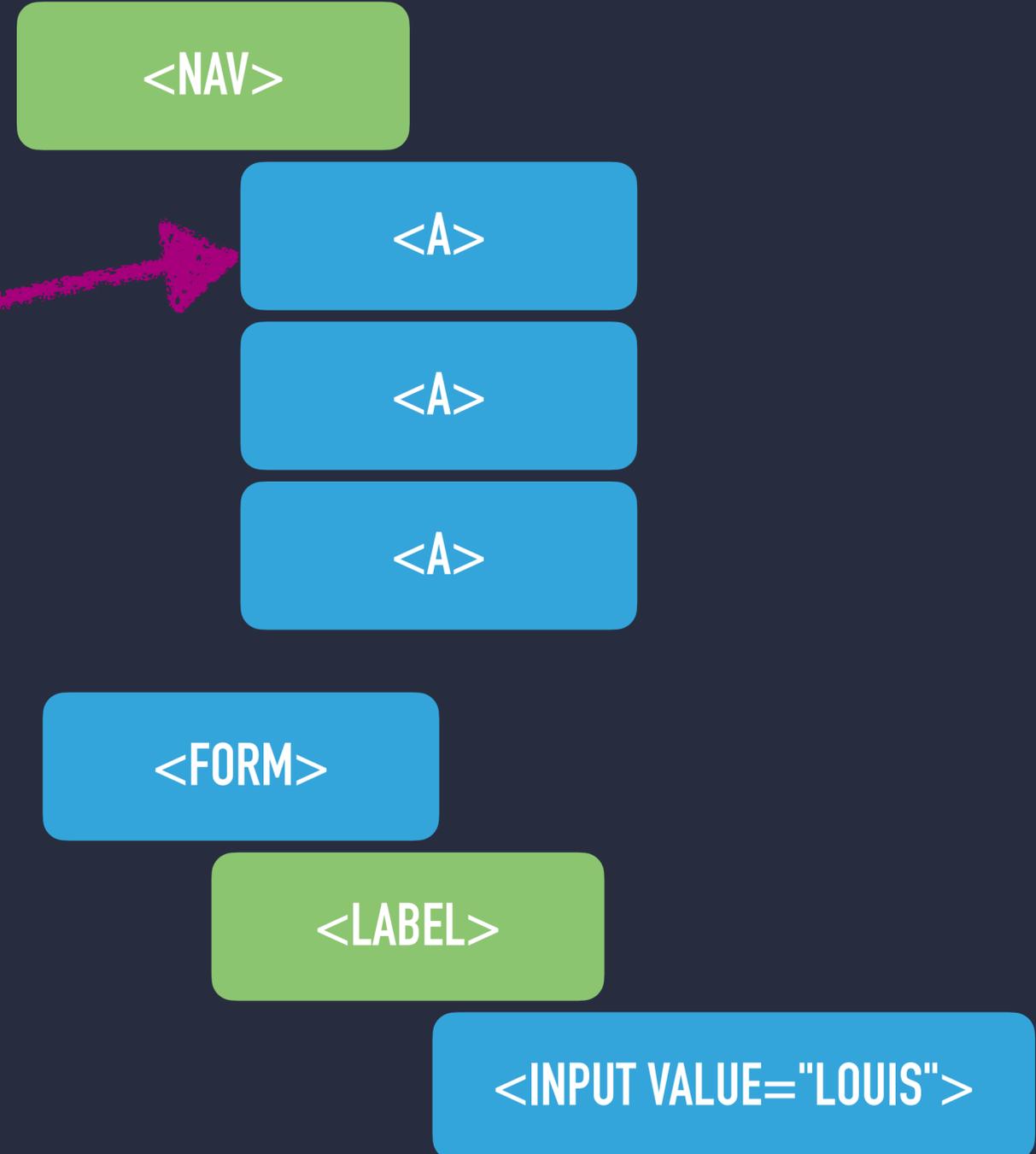


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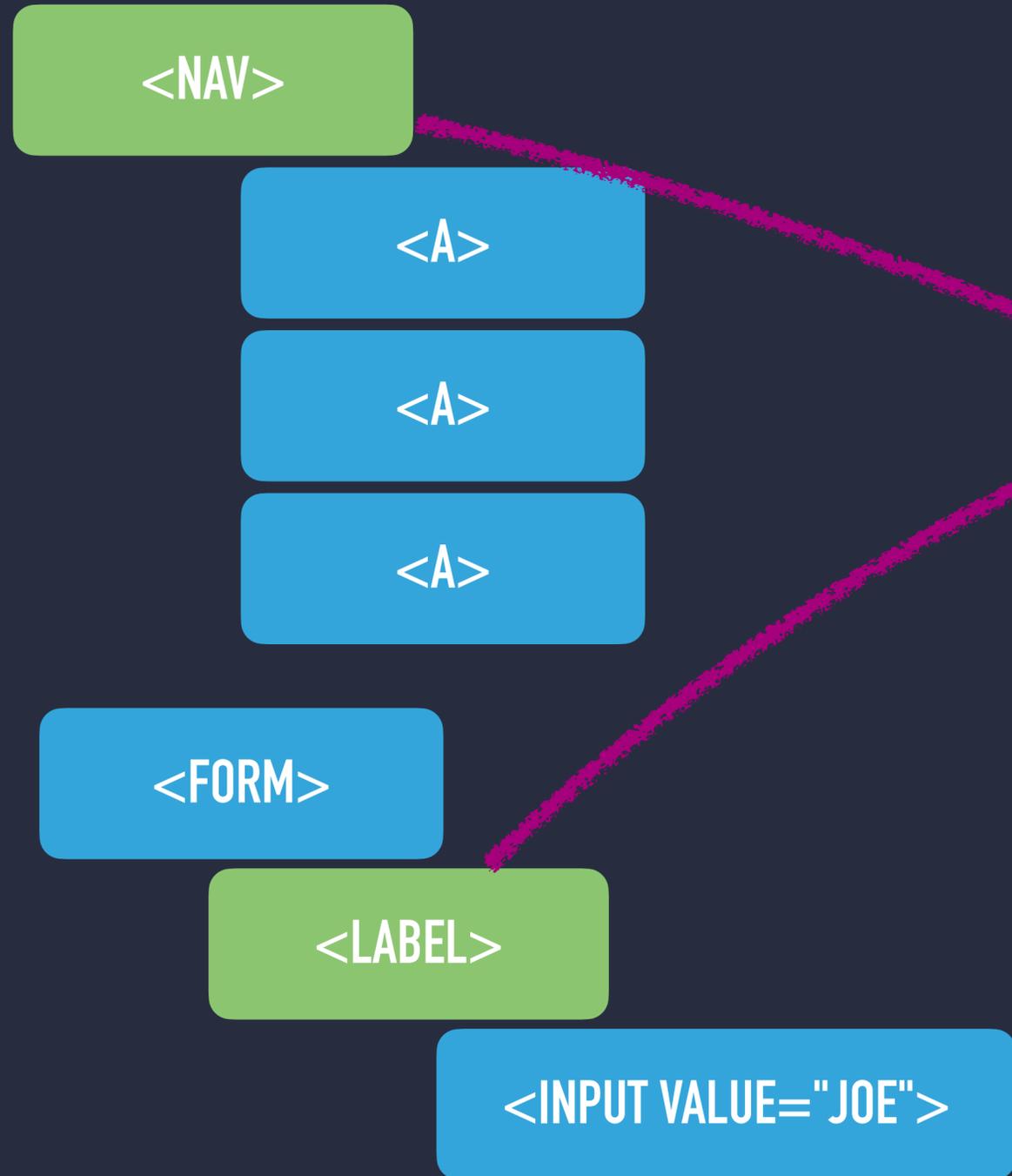


NEW:

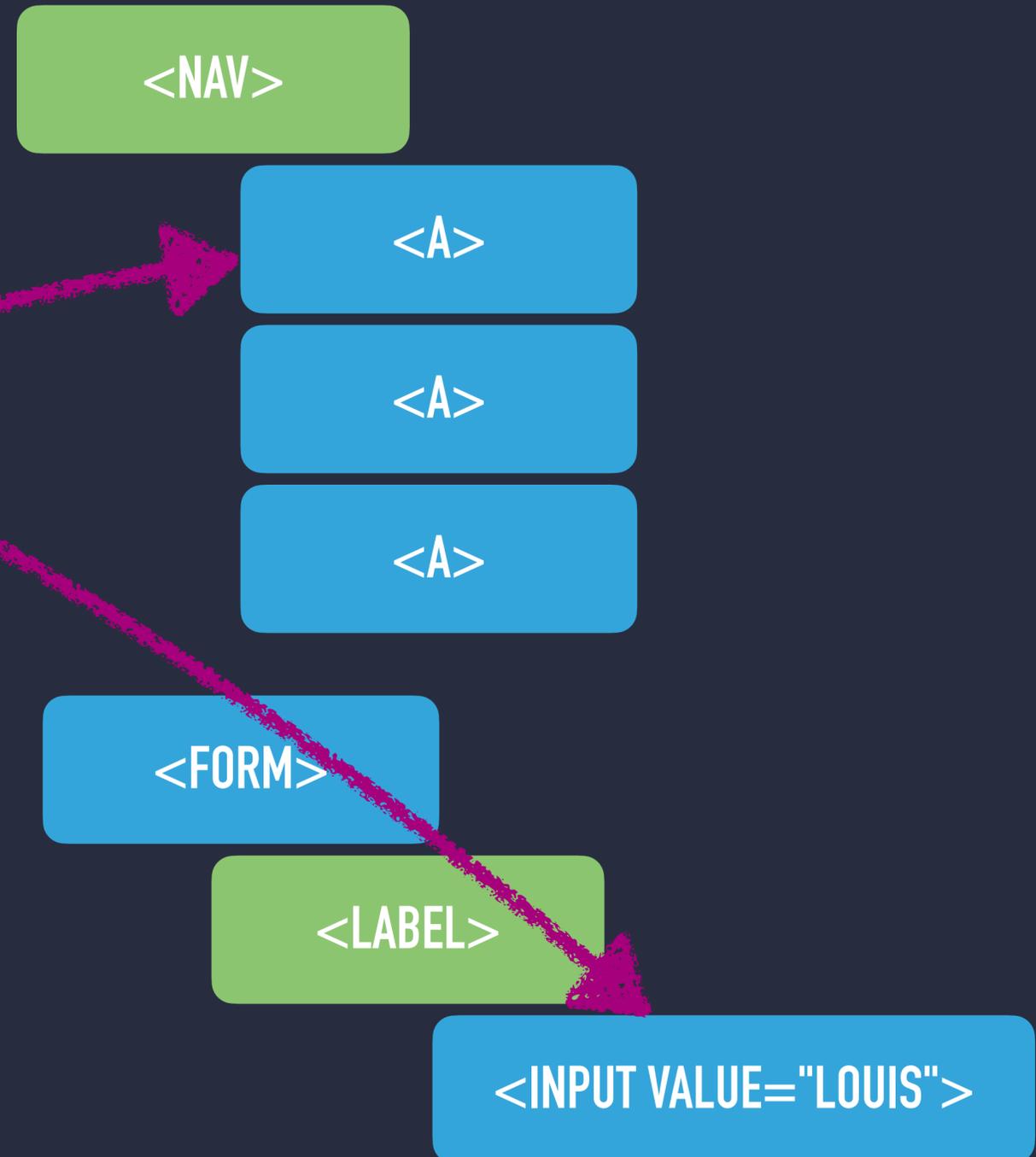


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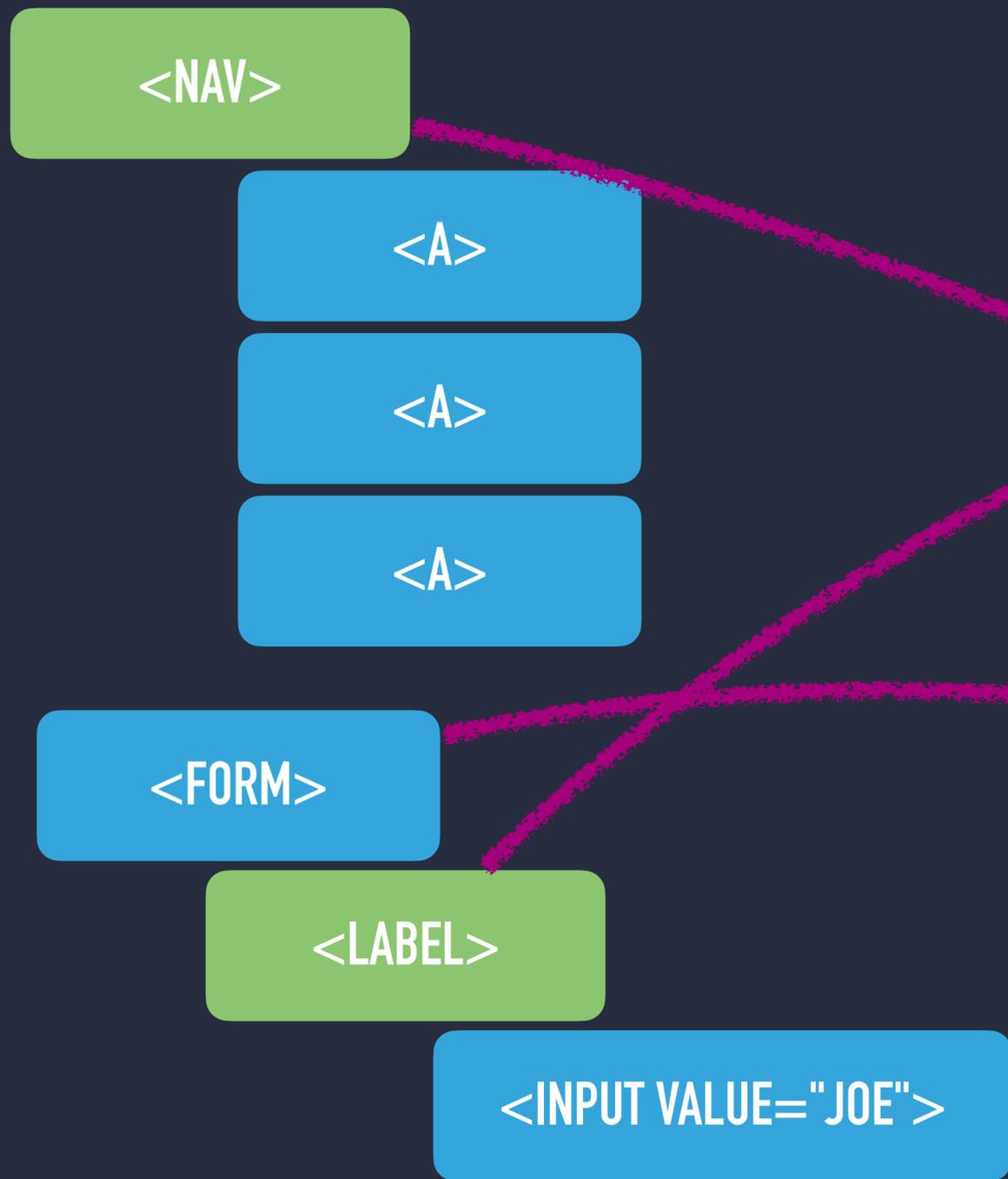


NEW:

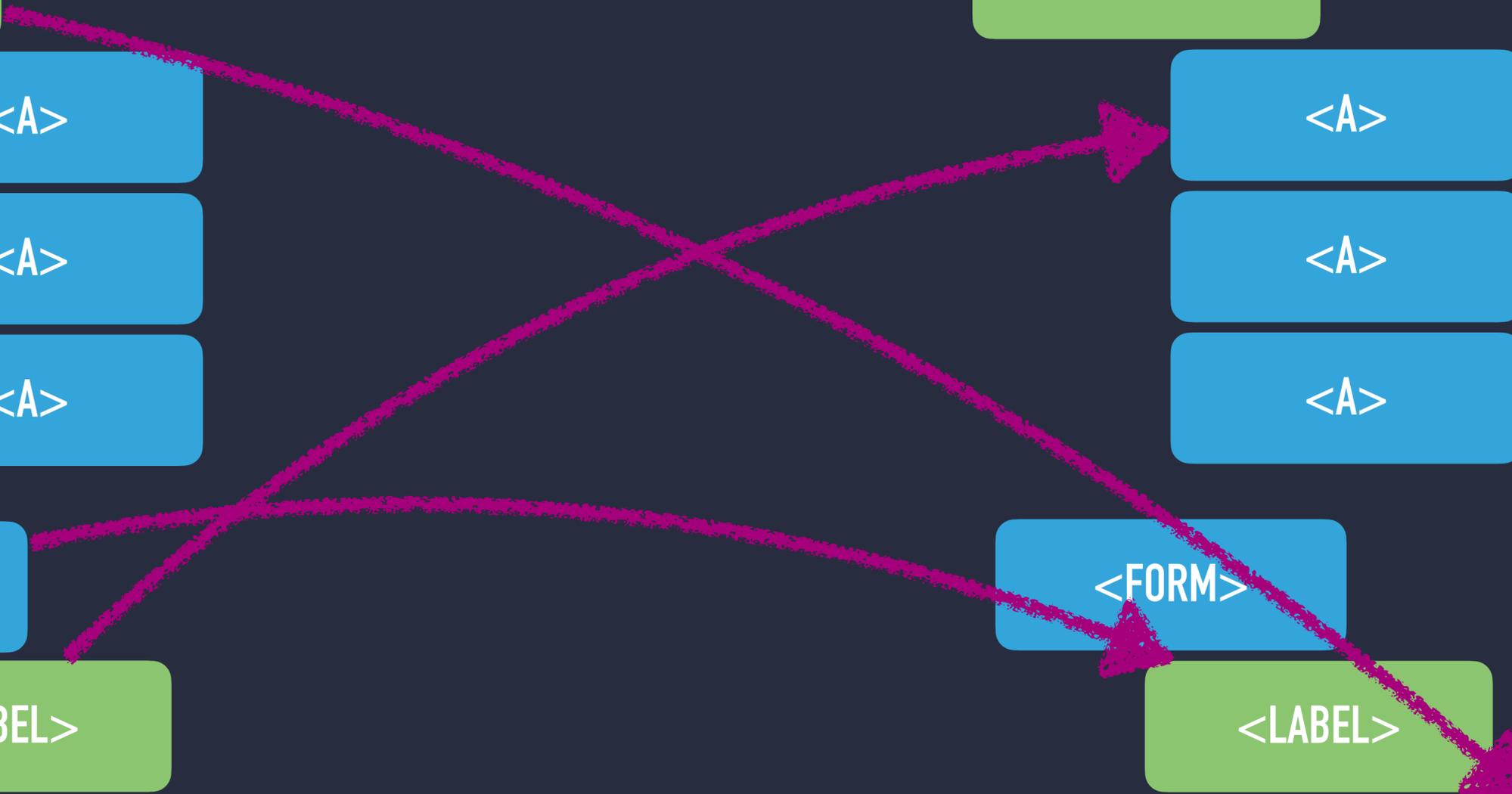
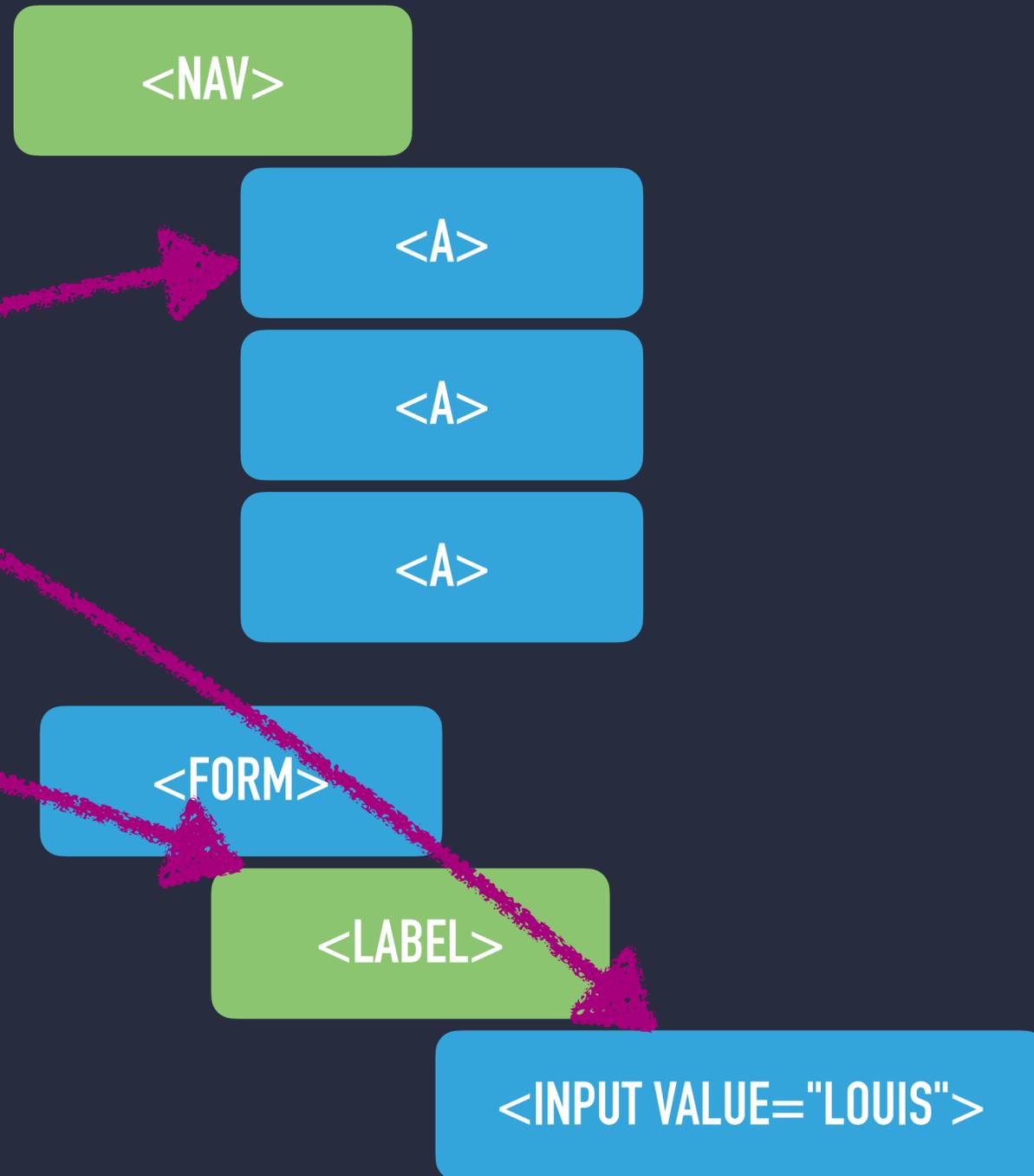


COMPARING VIRTUAL DOMS

OLD:

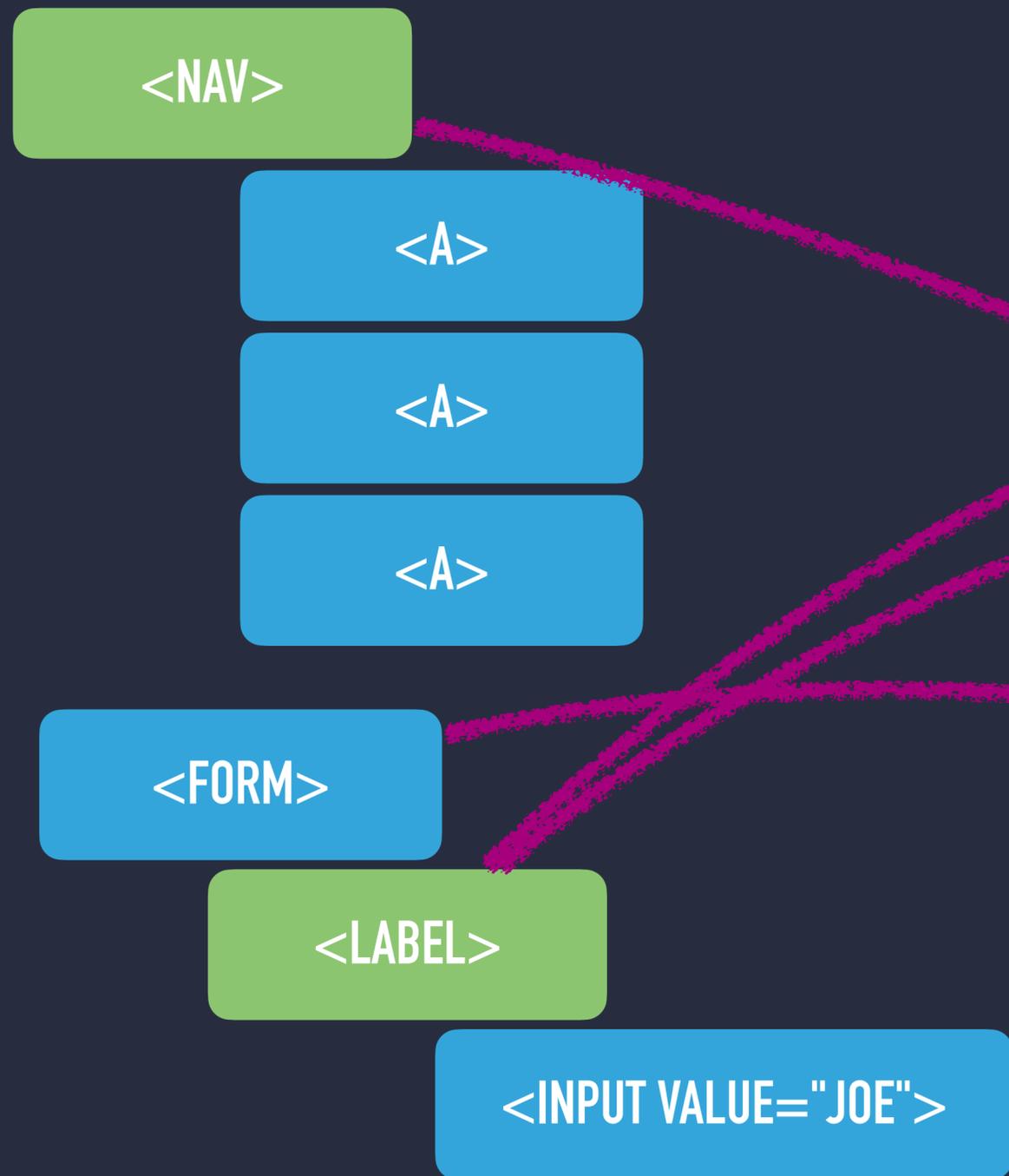


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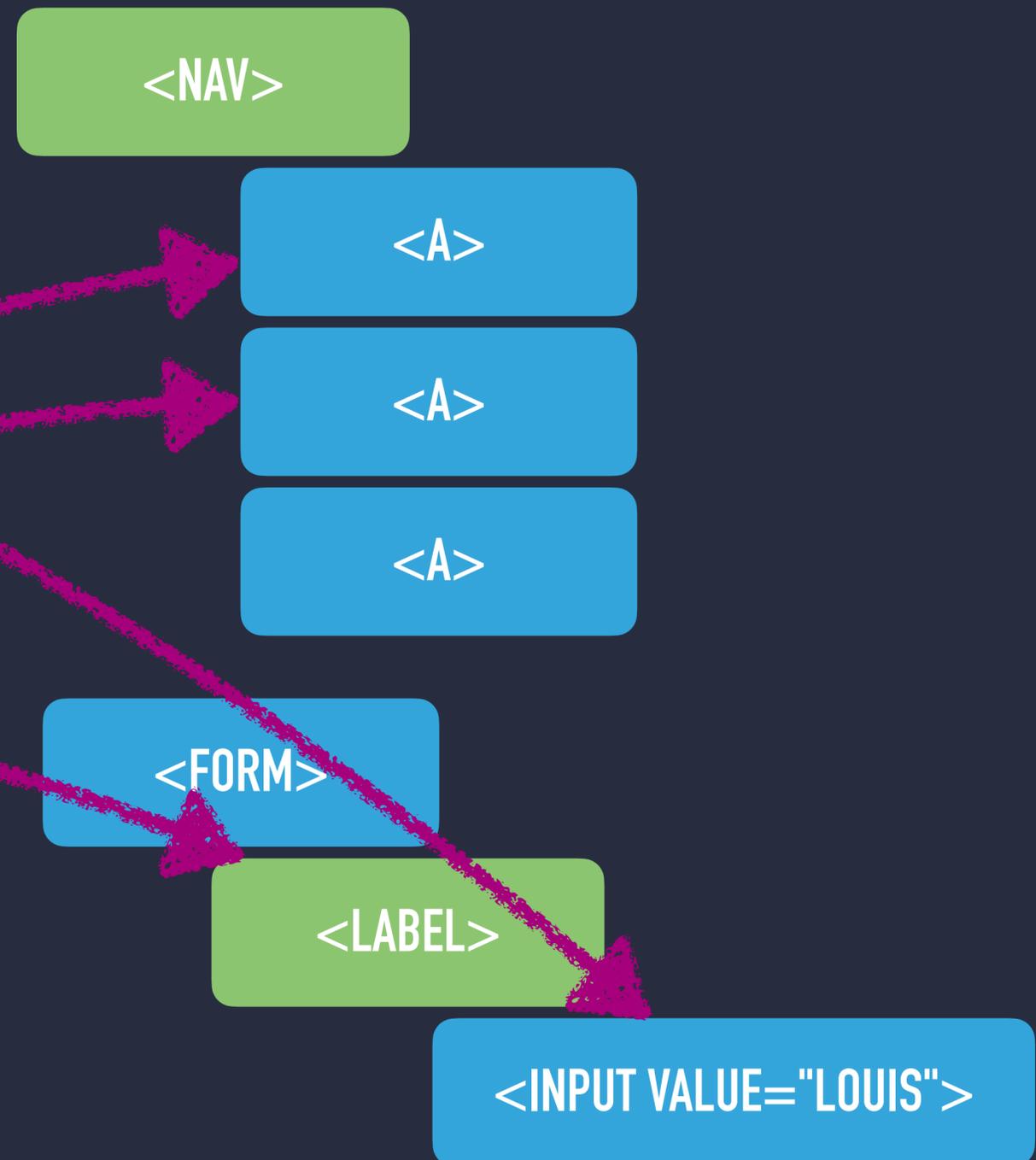


COMPARING VIRTUAL DOMS

OLD:

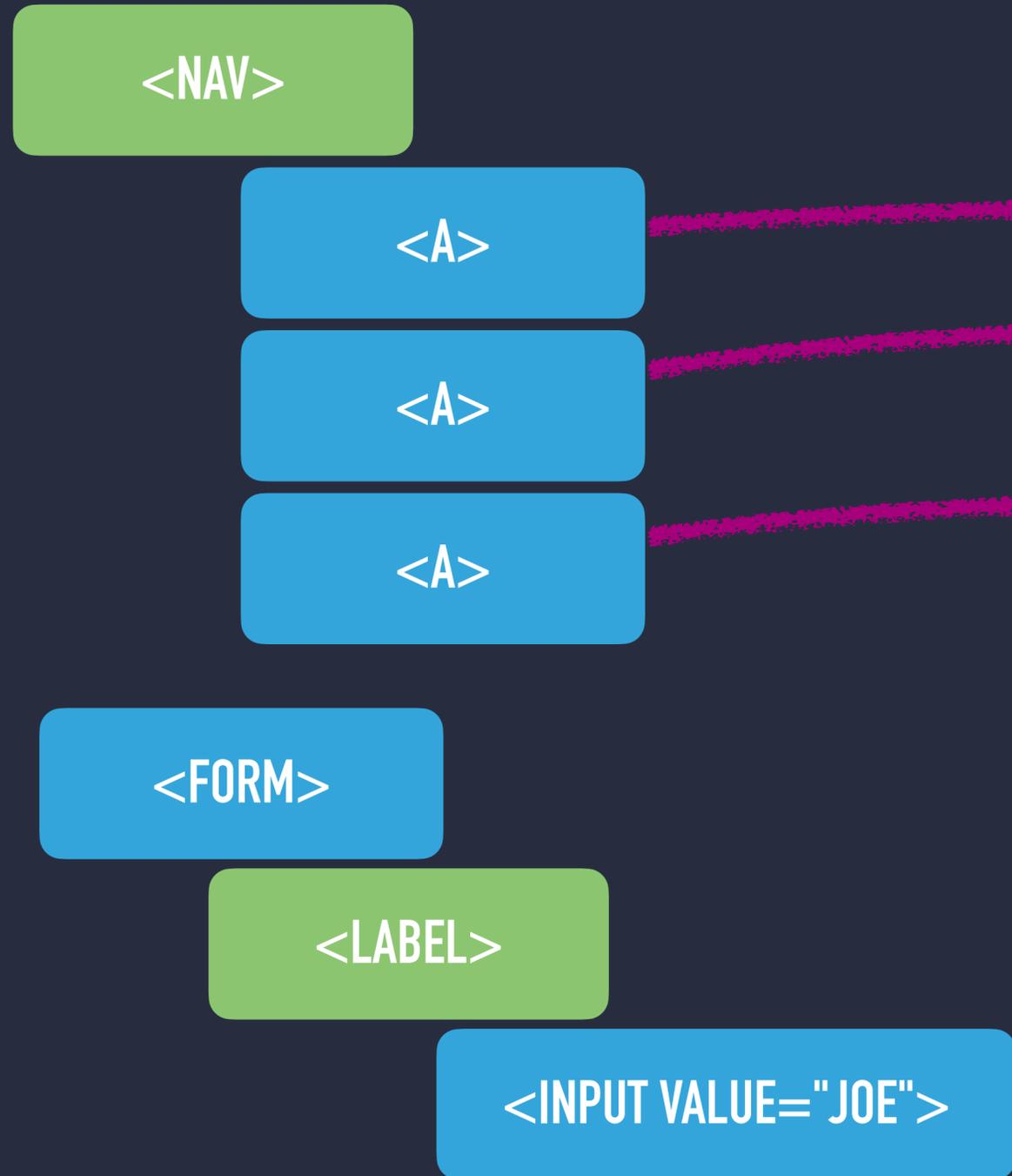


NEW:

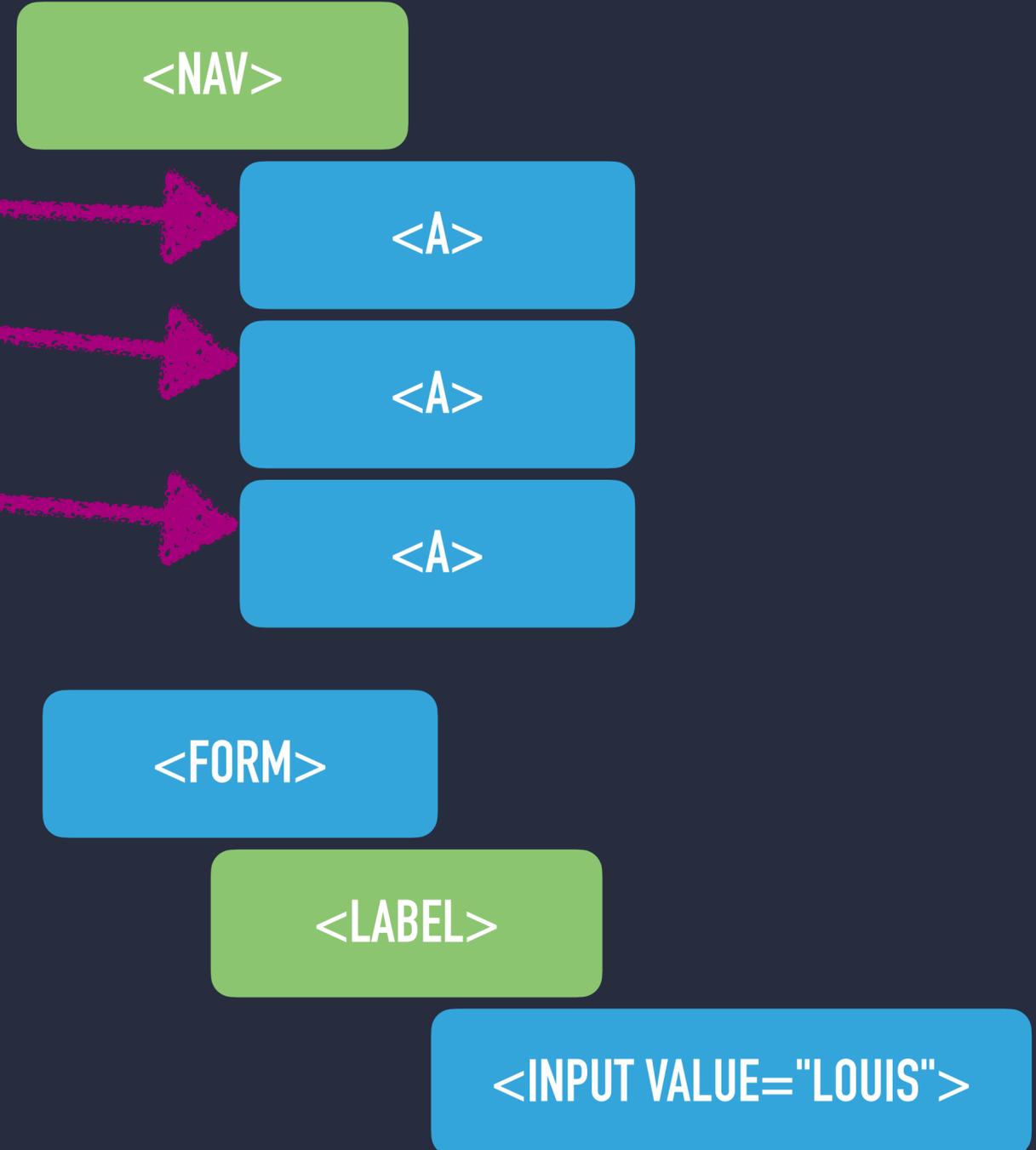


COMPARING VIRTUAL DOMS

OLD:



NEW:



HEURISTICS

- ▶ **Local**: Elements can be compared w/o looking at the global context
- ▶ Most of the view stays the same and preserves it's structure
- ▶ Changing the element **type** means the element got **replaced**
- ▶ Changing the **tag name** or **key** means the element got **replaced**
- ▶ Inserts are more likely at the **end** of elements
- ▶ Different element **types** let you **influence** the process

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Diff is a single pass over the tree!

VIEW

**NORMAL ELEMENTS
FRAGMENTS**

**KEYED ELEMENTS
KEYED FRAGMENTS**

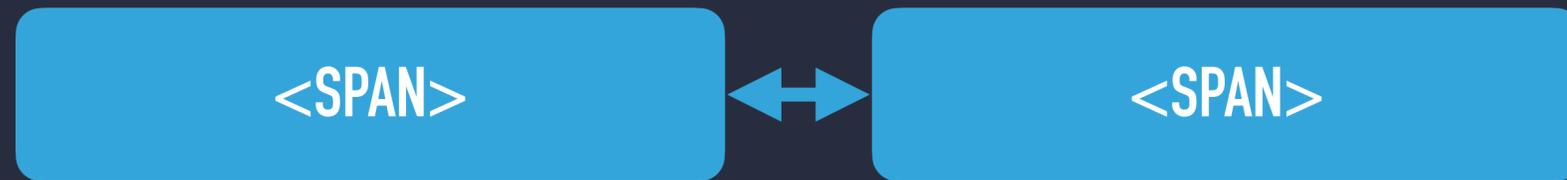
MAP NODES

MEMO NODES

NORMAL ELEMENTS & FRAGMENTS

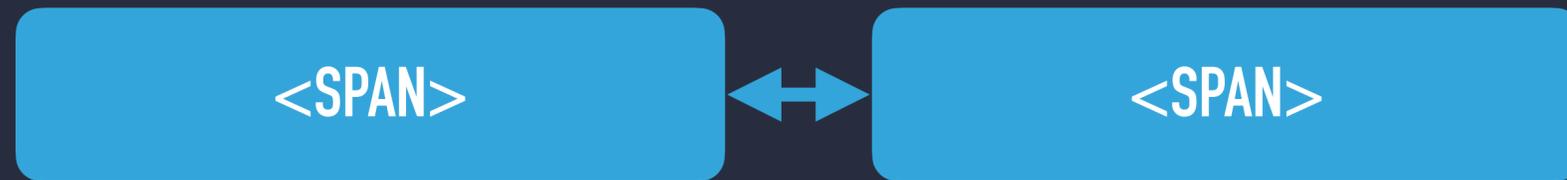
```
html.div([], [  
  html.label([], [  
    html.span([], [text("Your name:")])),  
    html.input([  
      attribute.value(model.name),  
      attribute.on_input(UserChangedName)  
    ])  
  ])  
])
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NORMAL ELEMENTS & FRAGMENTS



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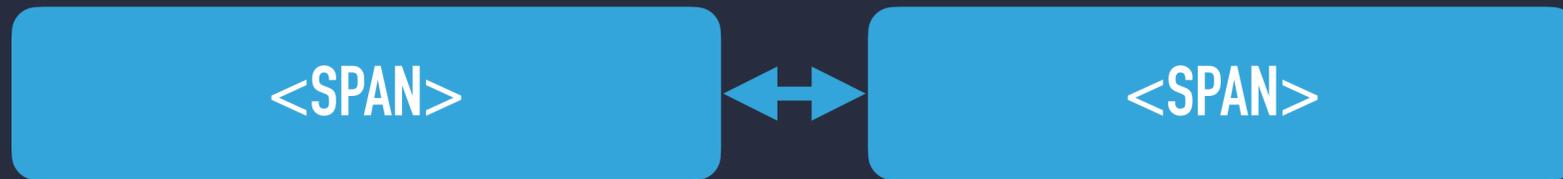
NORMAL ELEMENTS & FRAGMENTS



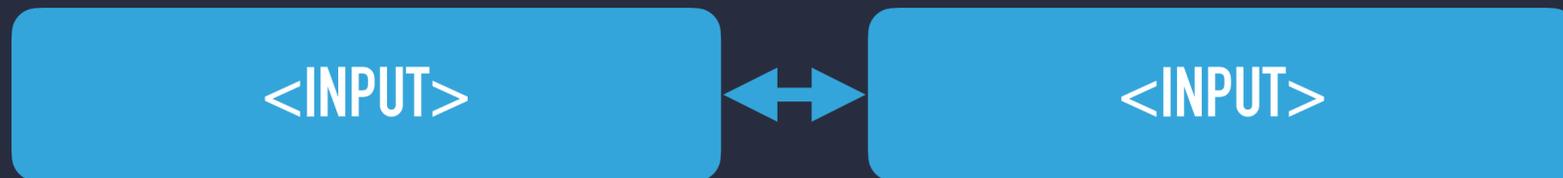
matches? --> yes!

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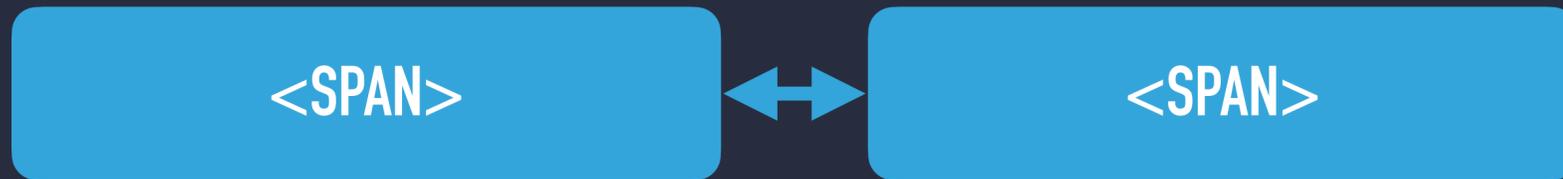


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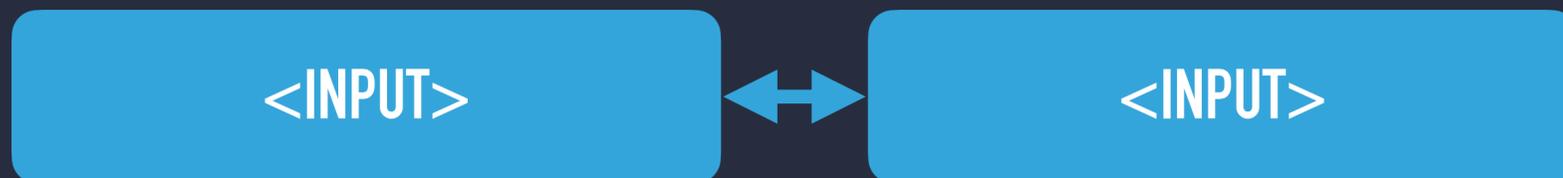


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NORMAL ELEMENTS & FRAGMENTS



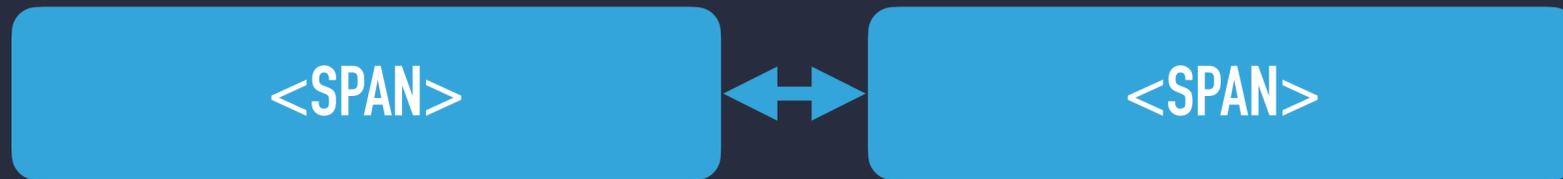
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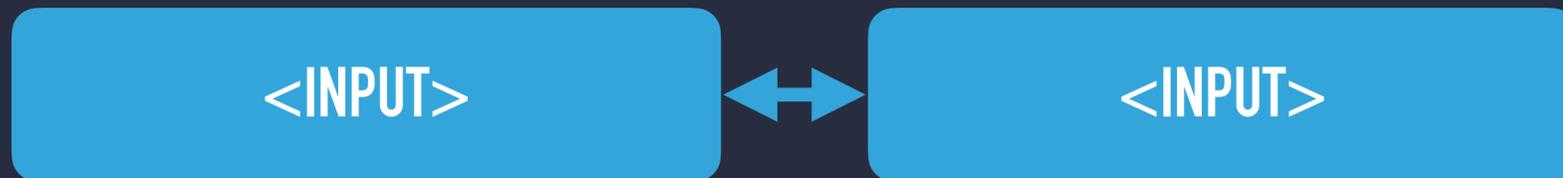
matches? --> different value!

```
html.div([], [  
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NORMAL ELEMENTS & FRAGMENTS



matches? --> yes!



matches? --> different value!

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  ])  
])
```

`<label>` has 1 different child

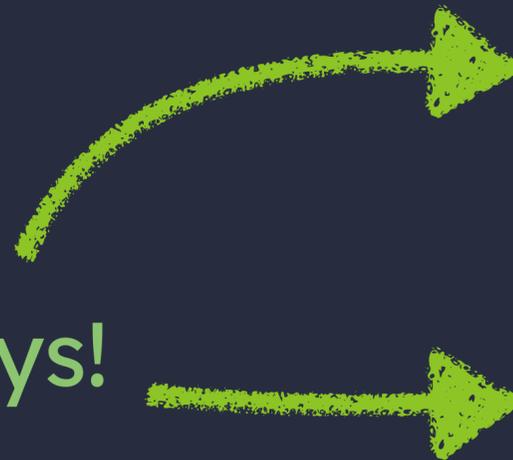
`<div>` has 1 different child

NORMAL ELEMENTS & FRAGMENTS

- ▶ Elements can be diffed by walking both child lists in parallel
- ▶ Extra children at the end are **inserted** or **removed**
- ▶ Children with different tags or type get replaced
- ▶ Fragments work exactly like normal elements
- ▶ Comparing them is extremely fast!

KEYED ELEMENTS & FRAGMENTS

Keys!



```
keyed.div([], [  
  #("name", html.label([], [  
    todo  
  ])),  
  #("birthday", html.label([], [  
    todo  
  ]))  
])
```

KEYED ELEMENTS & FRAGMENTS

<LABEL KEY="NAME">



<LABEL KEY="NAME">

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keyed.div([], [  
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KEYED ELEMENTS & FRAGMENTS

<LABEL KEY="NAME">



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key matches? --> yes!

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keyed.div([], [  
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])
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KEYED ELEMENTS & FRAGMENTS

<LABEL KEY="NAME">



<LABEL KEY="NAME">

key matches? --> yes!

<LABEL KEY="PASSWD">



<LABEL KEY="BIRTHDAY">

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    todo  
  ])),  
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```

KEYED ELEMENTS & FRAGMENTS

<LABEL KEY="NAME">



<LABEL KEY="NAME">

key matches? --> yes!

<LABEL KEY="PASSWD">



<LABEL KEY="BIRTHDAY">

key matches? --> different key!

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keyed.div([], [  
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  ])),  
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    todo  
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KEYED ELEMENTS & FRAGMENTS

<LABEL KEY="NAME">



<LABEL KEY="NAME">

key matches? --> yes!

<LABEL KEY="PASSWD">



<LABEL KEY="BIRTHDAY">

key matches? --> different key!



replace entire element

```
keyed.div([], [  
  #("name", html.label([], [  
    todo  
  ])),  
  #("birthday", html.label([], [  
    todo  
  ]))  
])
```

KEYED ELEMENTS & FRAGMENTS

- ▶ Elements are matched up by **key** not by **index**
- ▶ If the same key exists at a different index, the child is moved
- ▶ Extra keys are **removed** or **inserted**
- ▶ Preserves state & identity*
- ▶ Building and comparing dictionaries has some overhead

* except in Safari :-)

MEMO NODES

```
html.div([], [  
  element.memo([ref(model.name)], fn() {  
    html.label([], [  
      todo  
    ])  
  }]),  
])
```

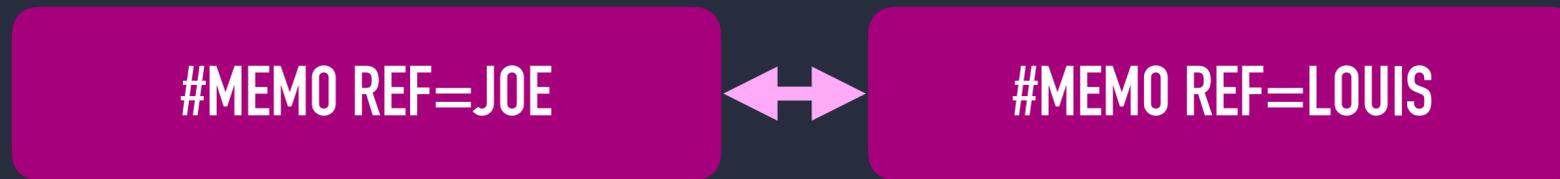
MEMO NODES



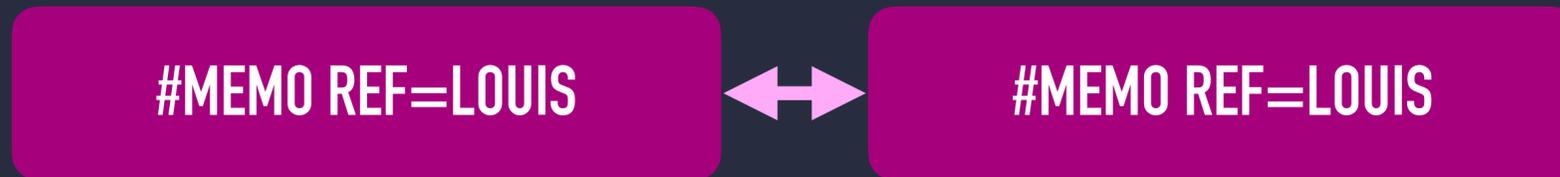
refs don't match? --> diff children!

```
html.div([], [  
  element.memo([ref(model.name)], fn() {  
    html.label([], [  
      todo  
    ])  
  }]),  
])
```

MEMO NODES



refs don't match? --> diff children!



refs match -> everything can be skipped!

```
html.div([], [  
  element.memo([ref(model.name)], fn() {  
    html.label([], [  
      todo  
    ])  
  }]),  
])
```

MEMO (AND MAP) NODES

- ▶ Memo elements are a boundary for state
- ▶ Map elements are a boundary for event listeners
- ▶ if the **ref** hasn't changed, view, diff and reconcile can be skipped entirely

MEMO (AND MAP) NODES

- ▶ Memo elements are a boundary for state
- ▶ Map elements are a boundary for event listeners
- ▶ if the **ref** hasn't changed, view, diff and reconcile can be skipped entirely

- ▶ Remember how I said dictionaries cause the most overhead?
keyed elements, attributes, event listeners
- ▶ But: Memo nodes have to also be stored in.. a dictionary.

WHEN TO USE WHAT

**NORMAL ELEMENTS
FRAGMENTS**

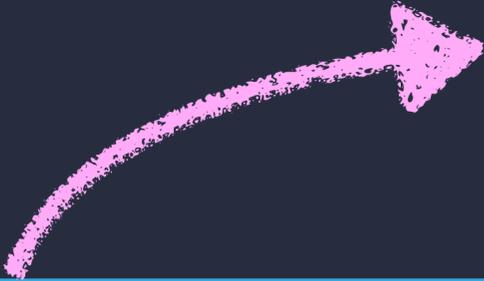
**KEYED ELEMENTS
KEYED FRAGMENTS**

MAP NODES

MEMO NODES

WHEN TO USE WHAT

Use them by default!
Fragments are good!



**NORMAL ELEMENTS
FRAGMENTS**

**KEYED ELEMENTS
KEYED FRAGMENTS**

MAP NODES

MEMO NODES

WHEN TO USE WHAT

NORMAL ELEMENTS
FRAGMENTS

MAP NODES

Lists that are freq. shuffled
Preserving identity,
optimising page swaps



KEYED ELEMENTS
KEYED FRAGMENTS

MEMO NODES

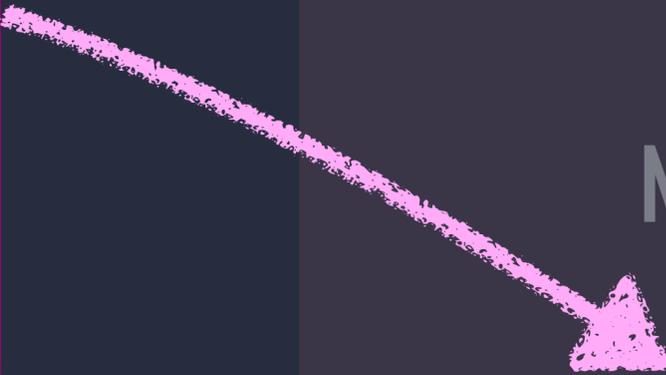
WHEN TO USE WHAT

NORMAL ELEMENTS
FRAGMENTS

KEYED ELEMENTS
KEYED FRAGMENTS

MAP NODES

MEMO NODES



wrap nested MVU "components"

WHEN TO USE WHAT

NORMAL ELEMENTS
FRAGMENTS

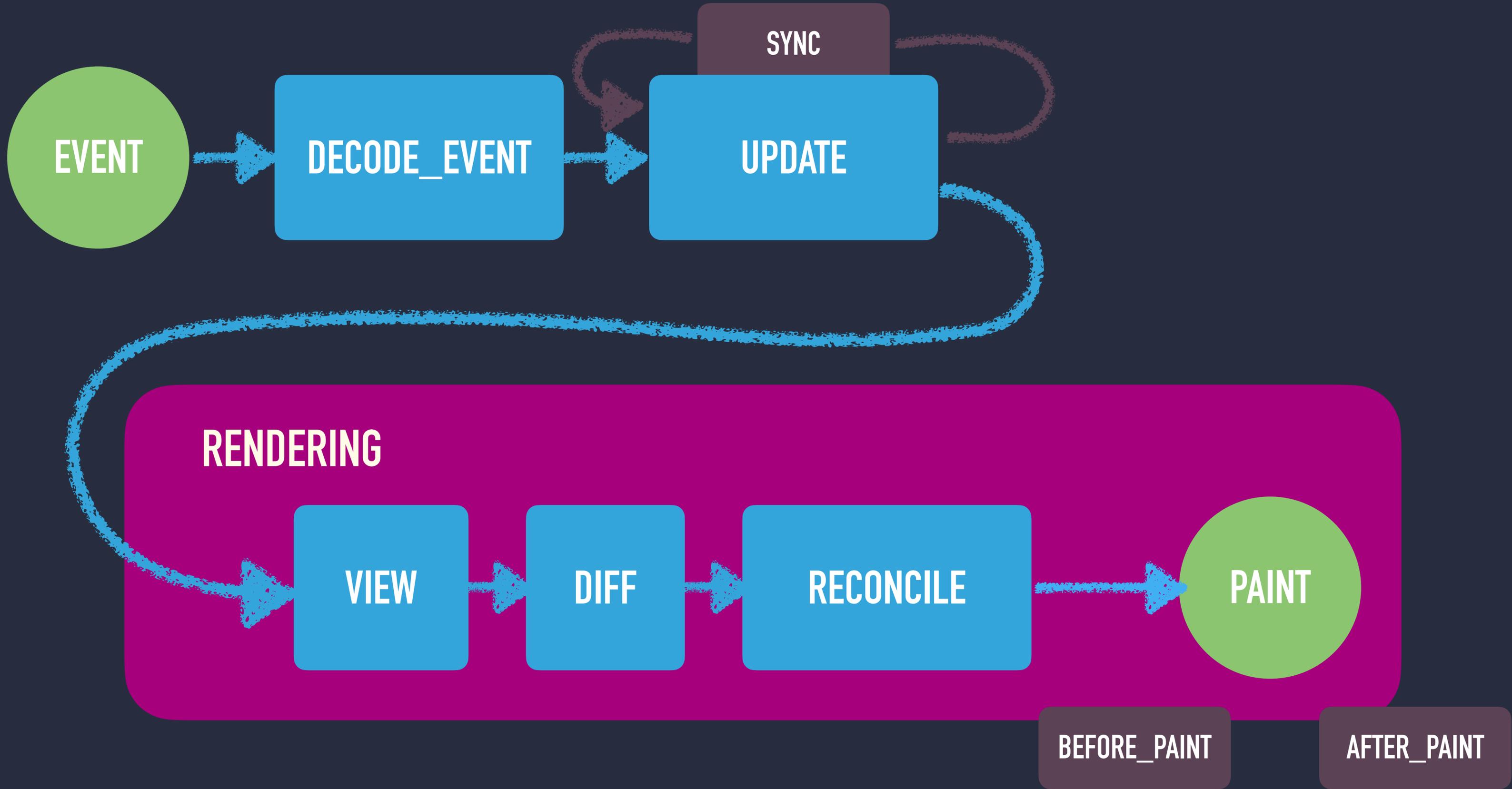
KEYED ELEMENTS
KEYED FRAGMENTS

MAP NODES

MEMO NODES

cache **large** chunks of parts
that change much more infrequently







I was promised trees!

THANK YOU ~

